



High Efficiency Thyristor

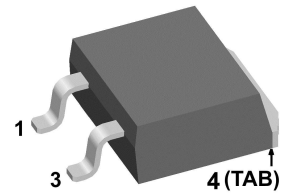
$V_{RRM} = 1200\text{ V}$
 $I_{TAV} = 40\text{ A}$
 $V_T = 1.26\text{ V}$

Single Anode Gated Thyristor

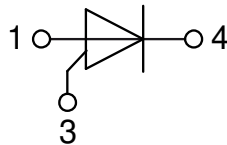
Part number

CLB40I1200PZ

Marking on Product: CLB40I1200PZ



Backside: cathode



Features / Advantages:

- Thyristor for line frequency
- Planar passivated chip
- Long-term stability
- Thyristor can be used as Triac
 - anti-parallel combination with CGT
 - Cathode-Gated-Thyristor covers quadrants I & II
 - CGT-counterpart: CLA40E1200NPZ

Applications:

- Line rectifying 50/60 Hz
- Softstart AC motor control
- DC Motor control
- Power converter
- AC power control
- Lighting and temperature control

Package: TO-263 (D2Pak-HV)

- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- Epoxy meets UL 94V-0

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Thyristor			Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$V_{RSM/DSM}$	max. non-repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$			1300	V
$V_{RRM/DRM}$	max. repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$			1200	V
I_{RD}	reverse current, drain current	$V_{R/D} = 1200 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		10	μA
		$V_{R/D} = 1200 V$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}C$		2	mA
V_T	forward voltage drop	$I_T = 40 A$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		1.30	V
		$I_T = 80 A$			1.59	V
		$I_T = 40 A$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}C$		1.26	V
		$I_T = 80 A$			1.64	V
I_{TAV}	average forward current	$T_C = 125^{\circ}C$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$		40	A
$I_{T(RMS)}$	RMS forward current	180° sine			63	A
V_{T0}	threshold voltage	} for power loss calculation only	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$		0.85	V
r_T	slope resistance				9.9	m Ω
R_{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case				0.4	K/W
R_{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.25		K/W
P_{tot}	total power dissipation		$T_C = 25^{\circ}C$		310	W
I_{TSM}	max. forward surge current	$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}C$		520	A
		$t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0 V$		560	A
		$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$		440	A
		$t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0 V$		475	A
I^2t	value for fusing	$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}C$		1.35	kA ² s
		$t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0 V$		1.31	kA ² s
		$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$		970	A ² s
		$t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0 V$		940	A ² s
C_J	junction capacitance	$V_R = 400 V \quad f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		22	pF
P_{GM}	max. gate power dissipation	$t_p = 30 \mu s$	$T_C = 150^{\circ}C$		10	W
		$t_p = 300 \mu s$			5	W
P_{GAV}	average gate power dissipation				0.5	W
$(di/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of current	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C; f = 50 \text{ Hz}$	repetitive, $I_T = 120 A$		150	A/ μs
		$t_p = 200 \mu s; di_G/dt = 0.3 A/\mu s;$ $I_G = 0.3 A; V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$	non-repet., $I_T = 40 A$		500	A/ μs
$(dv/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of voltage	$V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$		500	V/ μs
		$R_{GK} = \infty; \text{method 1 (linear voltage rise)}$				
V_{GT}	gate trigger voltage	$V_D = 6 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		1.7	V
			$T_{VJ} = -40^{\circ}C$		1.9	V
I_{GT}	gate trigger current	$V_D = 6 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		30	mA
			$T_{VJ} = -40^{\circ}C$		50	mA
V_{GD}	gate non-trigger voltage	$V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$		0.2	V
I_{GD}	gate non-trigger current				1	mA
I_L	latching current	$t_p = 10 \mu s$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		100	mA
		$I_G = 0.3 A; di_G/dt = 0.3 A/\mu s$				
I_H	holding current	$V_D = 6 V \quad R_{GK} = \infty$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		70	mA
t_{gd}	gate controlled delay time	$V_D = \frac{1}{2} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		2	μs
		$I_G = 0.3 A; di_G/dt = 0.3 A/\mu s$				
t_q	turn-off time	$V_R = 100 V; I_T = 40 A; V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ $di/dt = 10 A/\mu s \quad dv/dt = 20 V/\mu s \quad t_p = 200 \mu s$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}C$		150	μs



Package TO-263 (D2Pak-HV)			Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
I_{RMS}	RMS current	per terminal			35	A
T_{VJ}	virtual junction temperature		-40		150	°C
T_{op}	operation temperature		-40		125	°C
T_{stg}	storage temperature		-40		150	°C
Weight				1.5		g
F_C	mounting force with clip		20		60	N
$d_{Spp/ App}$	creepage distance on surface / striking distance through air	terminal to terminal	4.2			mm
$d_{Spb/ Apb}$		terminal to backside	4.7			mm

Product Marking



Part description

- C = Thyristor (SCR)
- L = High Efficiency Thyristor
- B = Anode gated (up to 1200V)
- 40 = Current Rating [A]
- I = Single Anode Gated Thyristor
- 1200 = Reverse Voltage [V]
- PZ = TO-263AB (D2Pak) (2HV)

Ordering	Ordering Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	CLB40I1200PZ-TRL	CLB40I1200PZ	Tape & Reel	800	518476
Alternative	CLB40I1200PZ-TUB	CLB40I1200PZ	Tube	50	525290

Equivalent Circuits for Simulation

* on die level

$T_{VJ} = 150\text{ °C}$



Thyristor

$V_{0\ max}$	threshold voltage	0.85	V
$R_{0\ max}$	slope resistance *	7.4	mΩ

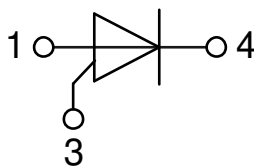


Outlines TO-263 (D2Pak-HV)



Dim.	Millimeter		Inches	
	min	max	min	max
A	4.06	4.83	0.160	0.190
A1	typ. 0.10		typ. 0.004	
A2	2.41		0.095	
b	0.51	0.99	0.020	0.039
b2	1.14	1.40	0.045	0.055
c	0.40	0.74	0.016	0.029
c2	1.14	1.40	0.045	0.055
D	8.38	9.40	0.330	0.370
D1	8.00	8.89	0.315	0.350
D2	2.3		0.091	
E	9.65	10.41	0.380	0.410
E1	6.22	8.50	0.245	0.335
e	2,54 BSC		0,100 BSC	
e1	4.28		0.169	
H	14.61	15.88	0.575	0.625
L	1.78	2.79	0.070	0.110
L1	1.02	1.68	0.040	0.066
W	typ. 0.02	0.040	typ. 0.0008	0.002

All dimensions conform with and/or within JEDEC standard.



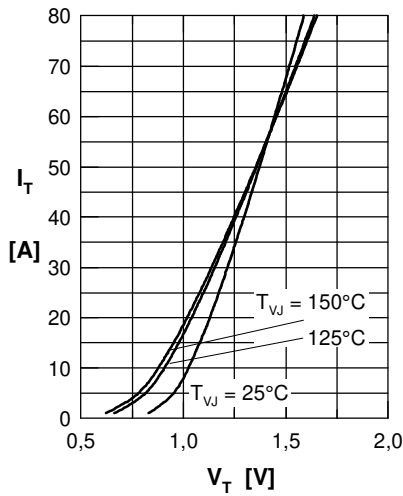
Thyristor


Fig. 1 Forward characteristics

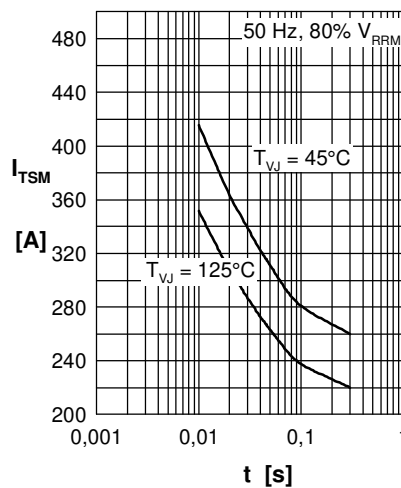
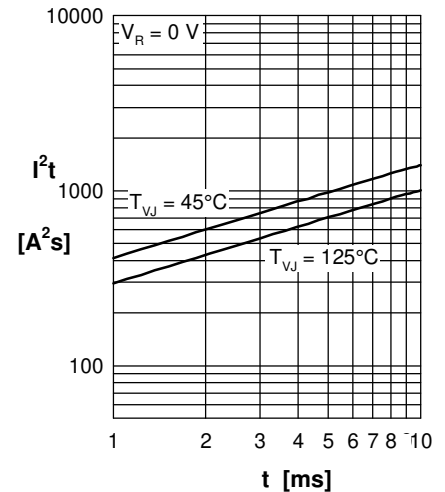
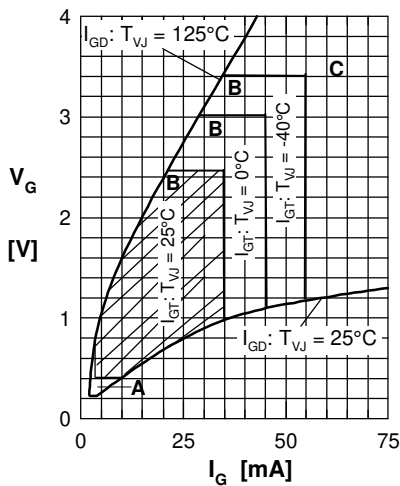
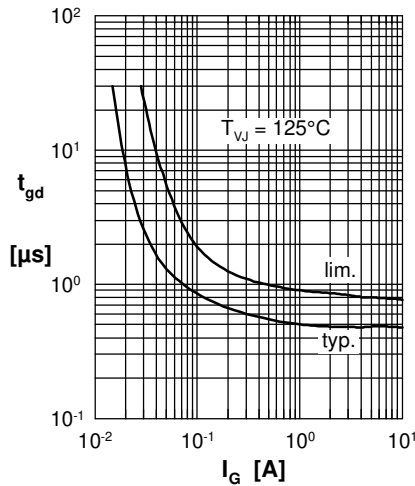
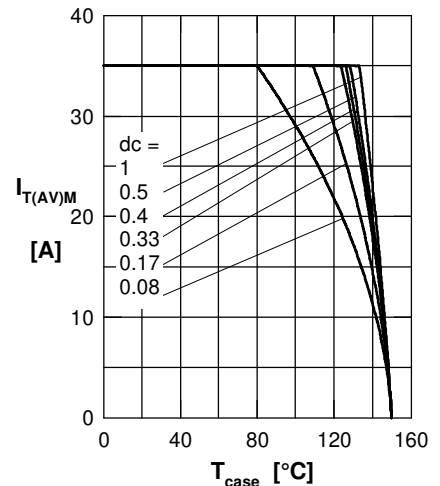

 Fig. 2 Surge overload current
 I_{TSM} : crest value, t : duration

 Fig. 3 I^2t versus time (1-10 s)

 Fig. 4 Gate voltage & gate current
 Triggering: A = no; B = possible; C = safe

 Fig. 5 Gate controlled delay time t_{gd}


Fig. 6 Max. forward current at case temperature

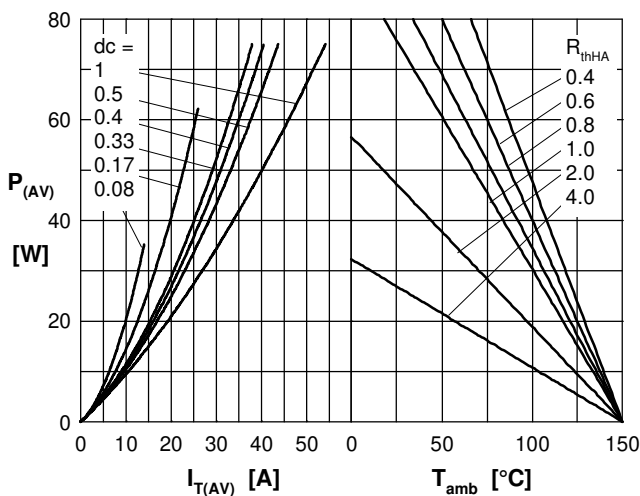
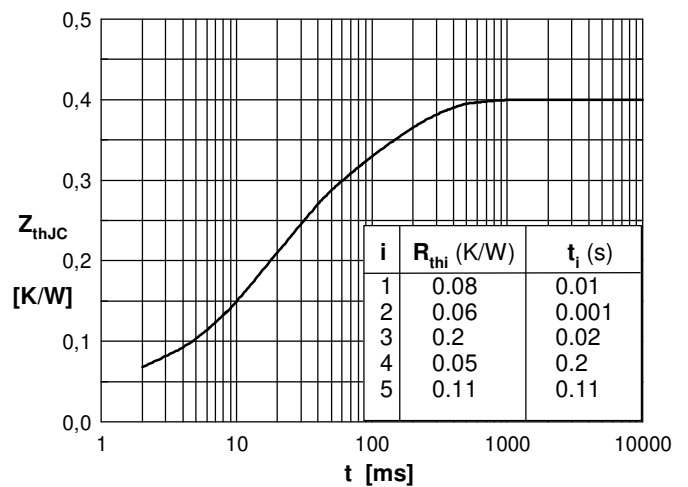

 Fig. 7a Power dissipation versus direct output current
 Fig. 7b and ambient temperature


Fig. 7 Transient thermal impedance junction to case