

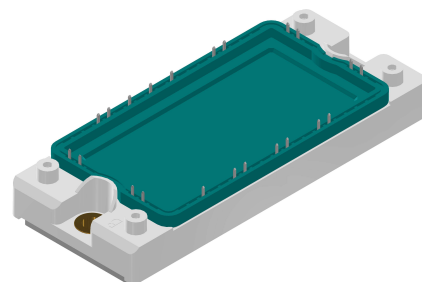
High Voltage Thyristor Module

3~ Rectifier	Brake Chopper
$V_{RRM} = 2200\text{ V}$	$V_{CES} = 1700\text{ V}$
$I_{DAV} = 120\text{ A}$	$I_{C25} = 113\text{ A}$
$I_{FSM} = 500\text{ A}$	$V_{CE(sat)} = 2.5\text{ V}$

3~ Rectifier Bridge, half-controlled (high-side) + Brake Unit + NTC

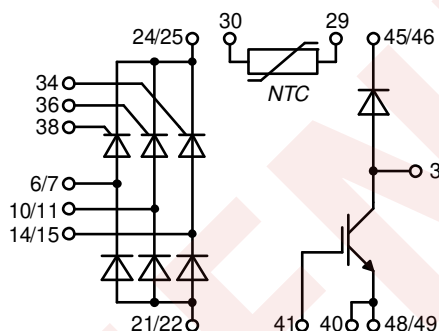
Part number

MCNA120UI2200TED



Backside: isolated

 E72873



Features / Advantages:

- Thyristor/Standard Rectifier for line frequency
- Planar passivated chips
- Long-term stability
- Low forward voltage drop
- Leads suitable for PC board soldering
- Copper base plate with Direct Copper Bonded Al₂O₃-ceramic
- Improved temperature and power cycling

Applications:

- 3~ Rectifier with brake unit for drive inverters

Package: E2-Pack

- Isolation Voltage: 3600 V~
- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- Soldering pins for PCB mounting
- Height: 17 mm
- Base plate: Copper internally DCB isolated
- Advanced power cycling
- Phase Change Material available

Disclaimer Notice

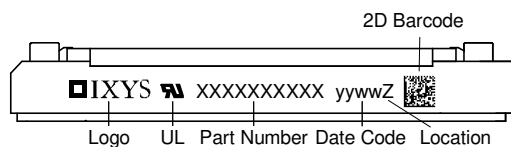
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Rectifier				Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$V_{RSM/DSM}$	max. non-repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$				2300	V
$V_{RRM/DRM}$	max. repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$				2200	V
$I_{R/D}$	reverse current, drain current	$V_{R/D} = 2200\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			50	μA
		$V_{R/D} = 2200\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$			10	mA
V_T	forward voltage drop	$I_T = 40\text{ A}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			1.33	V
		$I_T = 120\text{ A}$				2.05	V
		$I_T = 40\text{ A}$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$			1.36	V
		$I_T = 120\text{ A}$				2.38	V
I_{DAV}	bridge output current	$T_C = 80^{\circ}\text{C}$ rectangular $d = \frac{1}{3}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$			120	A
V_{T0}	threshold voltage	} for power loss calculation only	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$			0.83	V
r_T	slope resistance					13.6	m Ω
R_{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case					0.65	K/W
R_{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heatsink				0.1		K/W
P_{tot}	total power dissipation		$T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			190	W
I_{TSM}	max. forward surge current	$t = 10\text{ ms}; (50\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}\text{C}$			500	A
		$t = 8,3\text{ ms}; (60\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$			540	A
		$t = 10\text{ ms}; (50\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$			425	A
		$t = 8,3\text{ ms}; (60\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$			460	A
I^2t	value for fusing	$t = 10\text{ ms}; (50\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}\text{C}$			1.25	kA ² s
		$t = 8,3\text{ ms}; (60\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$			1.22	kA ² s
		$t = 10\text{ ms}; (50\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$			905	A ² s
		$t = 8,3\text{ ms}; (60\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$			880	A ² s
C_J	junction capacitance	$V_R = 700\text{ V}$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		13		pF
P_{GM}	max. gate power dissipation	$t_P = 30\text{ }\mu\text{s}$	$T_C = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$			10	W
		$t_P = 300\text{ }\mu\text{s}$				5	W
P_{GAV}	average gate power dissipation					0.5	W
$(di/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of current	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}; f = 50\text{ Hz}$ repetitive, $I_T = 120\text{ A}$				150	A/ μs
		$t_P = 200\text{ }\mu\text{s}; di_G/dt = 0.45\text{ A}/\mu\text{s};$					
		$I_G = 0.45\text{ A}; V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ non-repet., $I_T = 40\text{ A}$				500	A/ μs
$(dv/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of voltage	$V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$			1000	V/ μs
		$R_{GK} = \infty$; method 1 (linear voltage rise)					
V_{GT}	gate trigger voltage	$V_D = 6\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			1.4	V
			$T_{VJ} = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$			1.6	V
I_{GT}	gate trigger current	$V_D = 6\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			70	mA
			$T_{VJ} = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$			150	mA
V_{GD}	gate non-trigger voltage	$V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$			0.2	V
I_{GD}	gate non-trigger current					5	mA
I_L	latching current	$t_P = 10\text{ }\mu\text{s}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			150	mA
		$I_G = 0.45\text{ A}; di_G/dt = 0.45\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$					
I_H	holding current	$V_D = 6\text{ V}$ $R_{GK} = \infty$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			100	mA
t_{gd}	gate controlled delay time	$V_D = \frac{1}{2} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			2	μs
		$I_G = 0.45\text{ A}; di_G/dt = 0.45\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$					
t_q	turn-off time	$V_R = 100\text{ V}; I_T = 40\text{ A}; V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ $T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ $di/dt = 10\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ $dv/dt = 20\text{ V}/\mu\text{s}$ $t_P = 200\text{ }\mu\text{s}$			500		μs



Brake IGBT + Diode				Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
V_{CES}	collector emitter voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$				1700	V
V_{GES}	max. DC gate voltage					± 20	V
V_{GEM}	max. transient gate emitter voltage					± 30	V
I_{C25}	collector current	$T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$				113	A
I_{C80}		$T_C = 80^{\circ}\text{C}$				80	A
P_{tot}	total power dissipation	$T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$				445	W
$V_{CE(sat)}$	collector emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 75\text{ A}; V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		2.5	2.93	V
			$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$		3		V
$V_{GE(th)}$	gate emitter threshold voltage	$I_C = 3\text{ mA}; V_{GE} = V_{CE}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	5.2	5.8	6.4	V
I_{CES}	collector emitter leakage current	$V_{CE} = V_{CES}; V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			0.6	mA
			$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$		5		mA
I_{GES}	gate emitter leakage current	$V_{GE} = \pm 20\text{ V}$				400	nA
$Q_{G(on)}$	total gate charge	$V_{CE} = 900\text{ V}; V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}; I_C = 75\text{ A}$			850		nC
$t_{d(on)}$	turn-on delay time	inductive load $V_{CE} = 900\text{ V}; I_C = 75\text{ A}$ $V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}; R_G = 18\ \Omega$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$		270		ns
t_r	current rise time				100		ns
$t_{d(off)}$	turn-off delay time				700		ns
t_f	current fall time				430		ns
E_{on}	turn-on energy per pulse				34		mJ
E_{off}	turn-off energy per pulse				17.5		mJ
RBSOA	reverse bias safe operating area	$V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}; R_G = 18\ \Omega$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$				
I_{CM}		$V_{CEK} = 1700\text{ V}$				150	A
SCSOA	short circuit safe operating area	$V_{CEK} = 1700\text{ V}$					
t_{SC}	short circuit duration	$V_{CE} = 720\text{ V}; V_{GE} = \pm 15$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$			10	μs
I_{SC}	short circuit current	$R_G = 18\ \Omega$; non-repetitive			280		A
R_{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case					0.28	K/W
R_{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heatsink				0.1		K/W
Brake Diode							
V_{RRM}	max. repetitive reverse voltage		$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			1700	V
I_{F25}	forward current		$T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			75	A
I_{F80}			$T_C = 80^{\circ}\text{C}$			50	A
V_F	forward voltage	$I_F = 60\text{ A}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			2.45	V
			$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$		2.20		V
I_R	reverse current	$V_R = V_{RRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			0.1	mA
			$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$			1	mA
Q_{rr}	reverse recovery charge	$V_R = 900\text{ V}$ $-di_F/dt = 600\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ $I_F = 60\text{ A}; V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$		20		μC
I_{RM}	max. reverse recovery current				46		A
t_{rr}	reverse recovery time				1300		ns
E_{rec}	reverse recovery energy				10.5		mJ
R_{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case					0.65	K/W
R_{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heatsink				0.1		K/W

Package E2-Pack				Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
I _{RMS}	RMS current	per terminal				40	A
T _{VJ}	virtual junction temperature			-40		150	°C
T _{op}	operation temperature			-40		125	°C
T _{stg}	storage temperature			-40		125	°C
Weight					176		g
M _D	mounting torque			3		6	Nm
d _{Spp/App}	creepage distance on surface striking distance through air	terminal to terminal		6.0			mm
d _{Spb/Apb}		terminal to backside		12.0			mm
V _{ISOL}	isolation voltage	t = 1 second	50/60 Hz, RMS; I _{ISOL} ≤ 1 mA	3600			V
		t = 1 minute		3000			V



Part description

M = Module
 C = Thyristor (SCR)
 N = High Voltage Thyristor
 A = ($\geq 2000V$)
 120 = Current Rating [A]
 UI = 3~ Rectifier Bridge, half-controlled (high-side) + Brake Unit
 2200 = Reverse Voltage [V]
 T = Thermistor \ Temperature sensor
 ED = E2-Pack

Ordering	Ordering Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	MCNA120UI2200TED	MCNA120UI2200TED	Box	36	510374

Temperature Sensor NTC

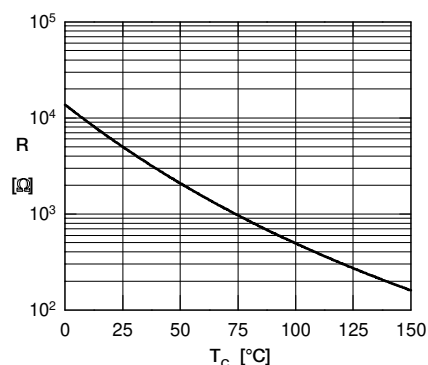
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
R_{25}	resistance	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ$	4.75	5	5.25	k Ω
$B_{25/50}$	temperature coefficient			3375		K

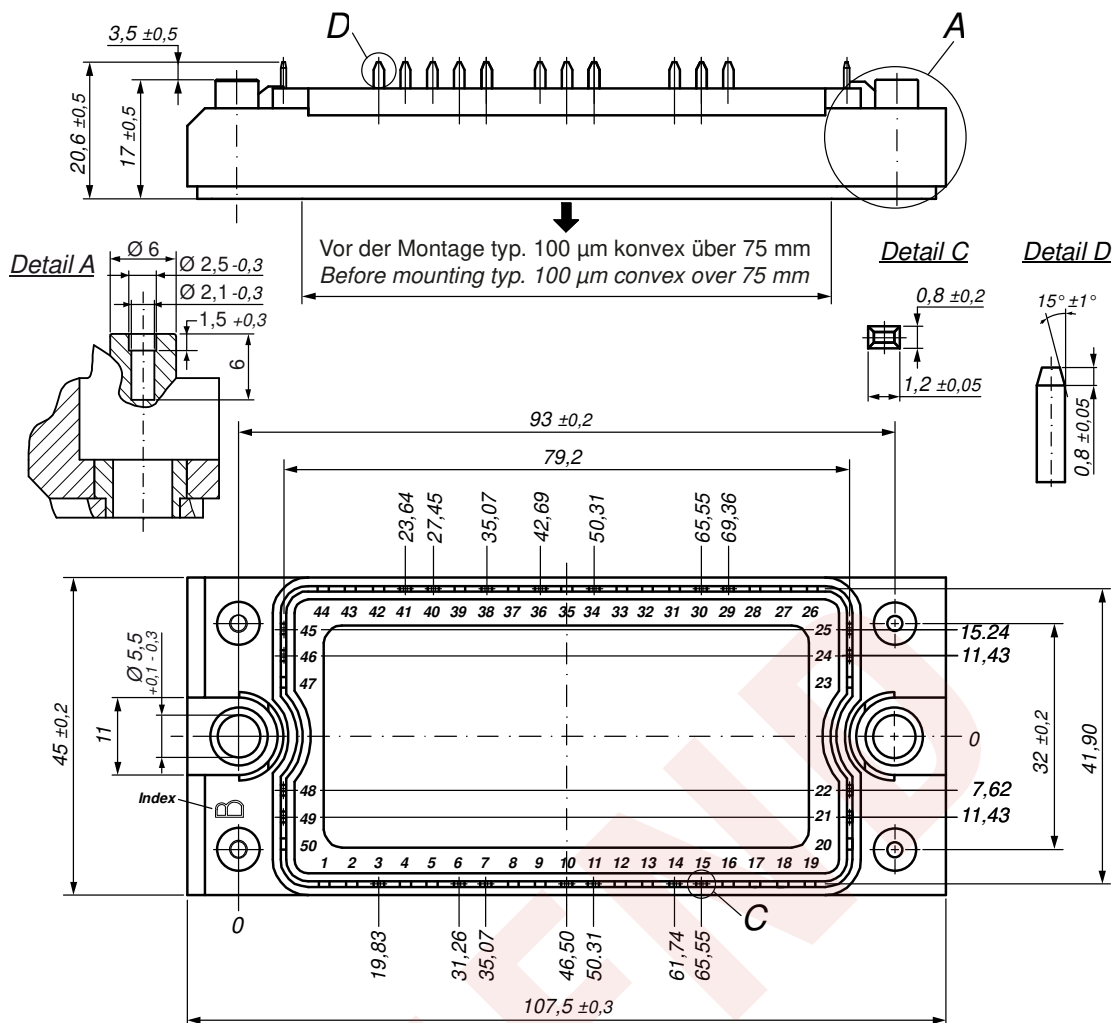
Equivalent Circuits for Simulation

* on die level

$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$

		Thyristor	Brake IGBT +	Brake Diode	
V_0	threshold voltage	0.83	1.17	1.34	V
R_0	slope resistance *	10.5	25	15.2	m Ω

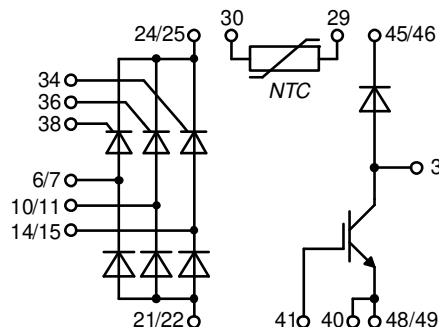


Outlines E2-Pack

Bemerkung / Note:

- Nichttolerierete Maße nach / Measure without tolerances according DIN ISO 2768-T1-m
- PCB-Lochmuster / PCB hole pattern: **see pin position**
- Toleranz Pin-Position und PCB-Lochmuster / Tolerance of pin position and PCB hole pattern: $\oplus 0.1$
- Montageanleitung / Mounting instruction: www.ixys.com **Application note IXAN0024**

Detail A: PCB-Montage / Mounting on PCB^L

- Empfohlene, selbstschneidende Schraube / Recommended, self-tapping screw: **EJOT PT®** (Größe / size: **K25**)^L
- Max. Schraubenlänge / Max. screw length: **PCB-Dicke / thickness + 6 mm** (max. Lochtiefe / hole depth)^L
- Empfohlenes Drehmoment / Recommended mounting torque: **1.5 Nm**



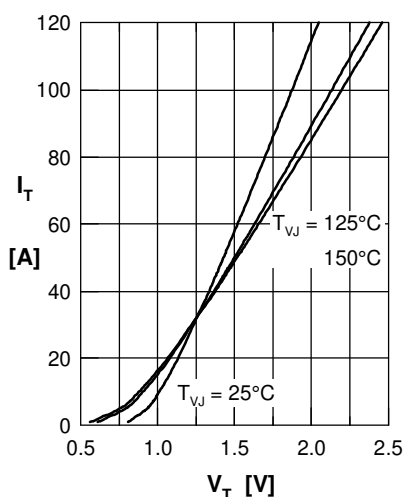
Thyristor


Fig. 1 Forward characteristics

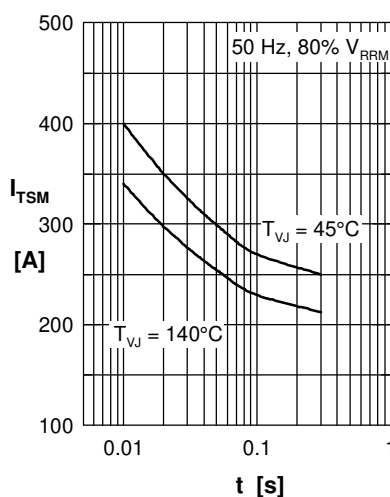
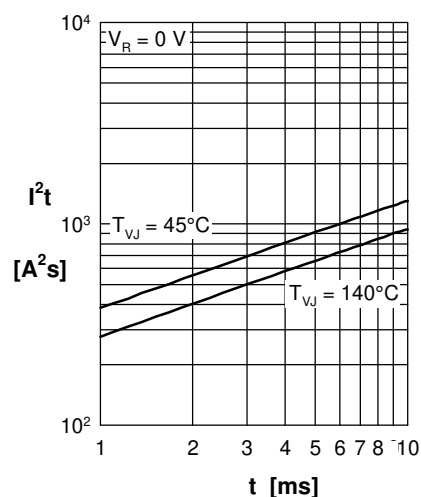
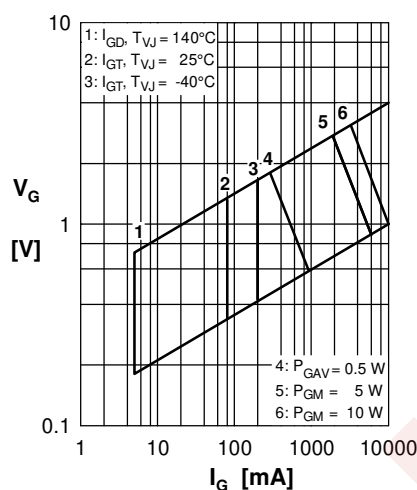

 Fig. 2 Surge overload current
 I_{TSM} : crest value, t : duration

 Fig. 3 I^2t versus time (1-10 s)


Fig. 4 Gate voltage & gate current

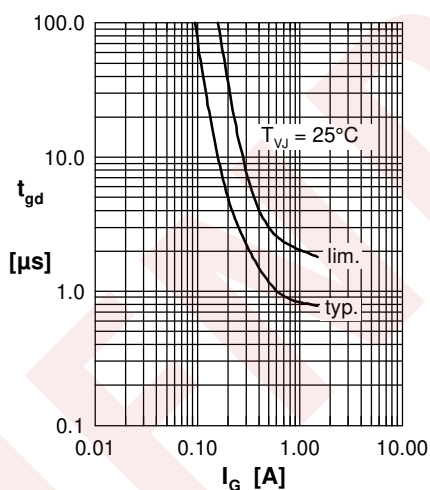
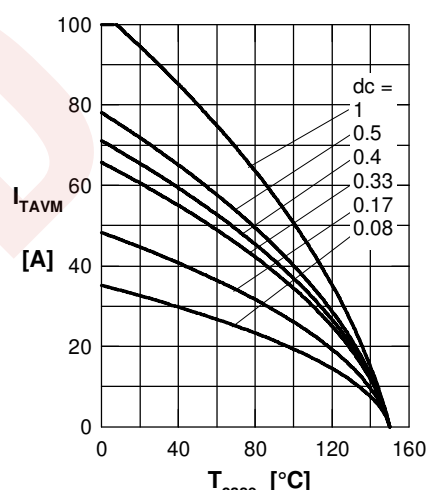

 Fig. 5 Gate controlled delay time t_{gd}


Fig. 6 Max. forward current at case temperature

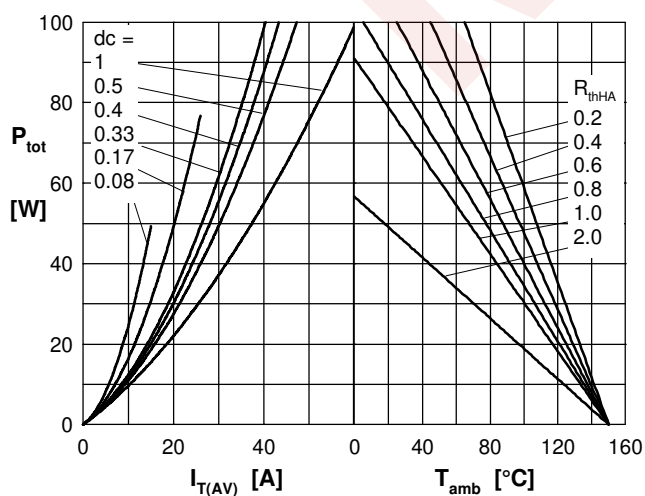
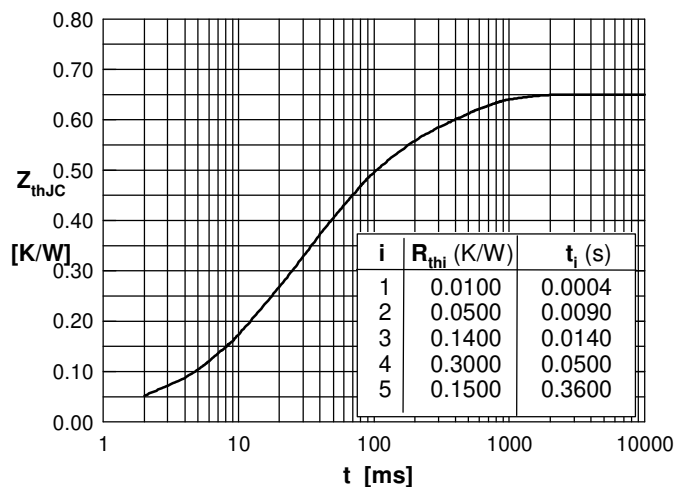

 Fig. 7a Power dissipation versus direct output current
 Fig. 7b and ambient temperature


Fig. 8 Transient thermal impedance junction to case

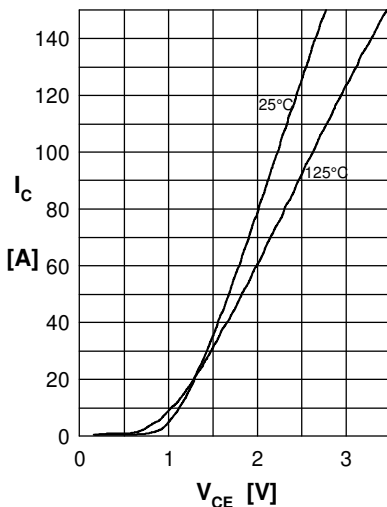
Brake IGBT + Diode


Fig.1 Output characteristics IGBT

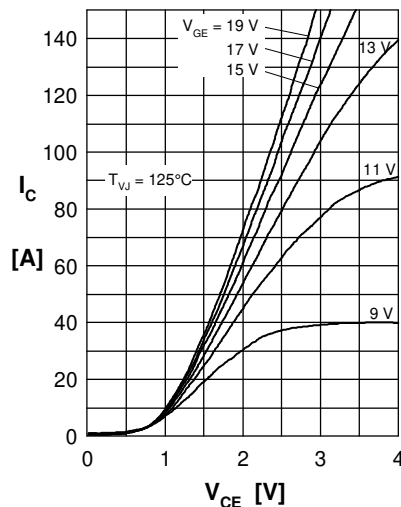


Fig.2 Typ. output characteristics IGBT

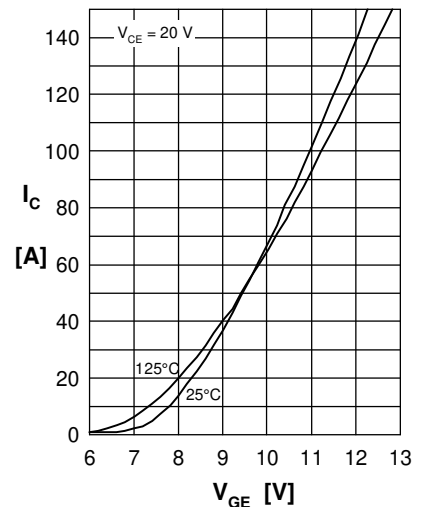


Fig.3 Typ. transfer charact. IGBT

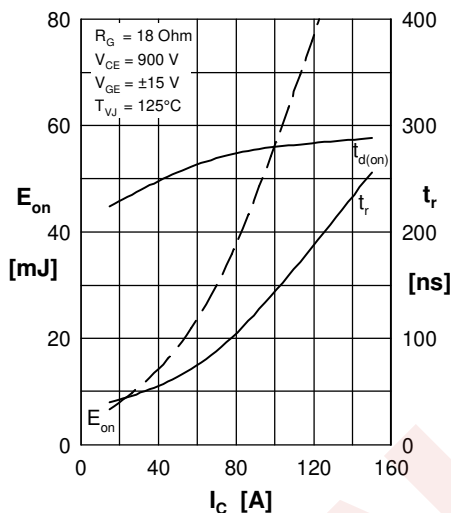


Fig.4 Typ. turn-on energy & switch. times vs. collector current

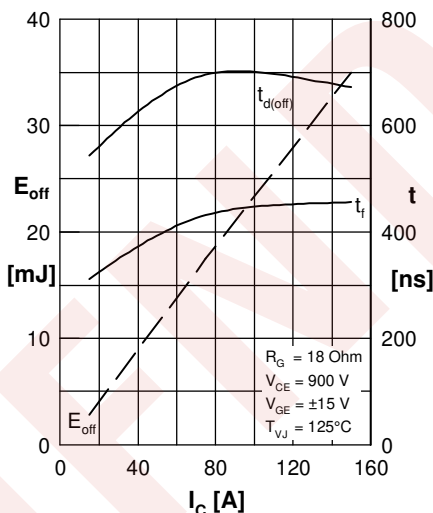


Fig.5 Typ. turn-off energy & switch. times vs. collector current

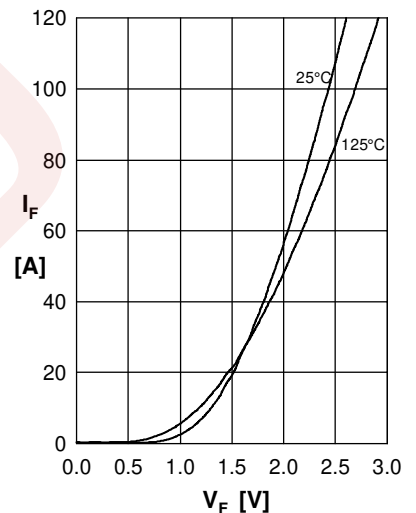


Fig.6 Typ. forward characteristics Diode

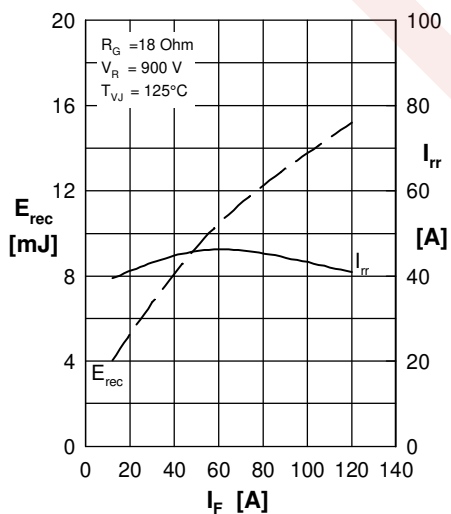


Fig.7 Typ. reverse recovery characteristics Diode

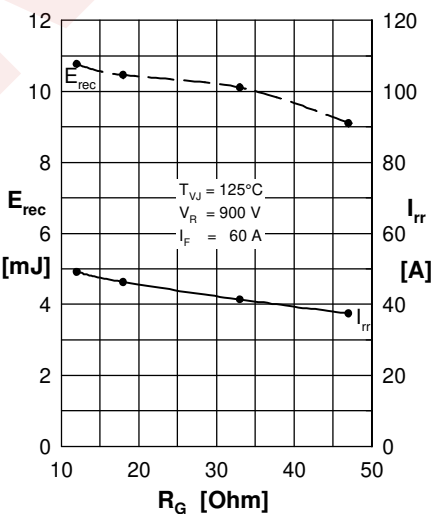


Fig.8 Typ. reverse recovery characteristics Diode

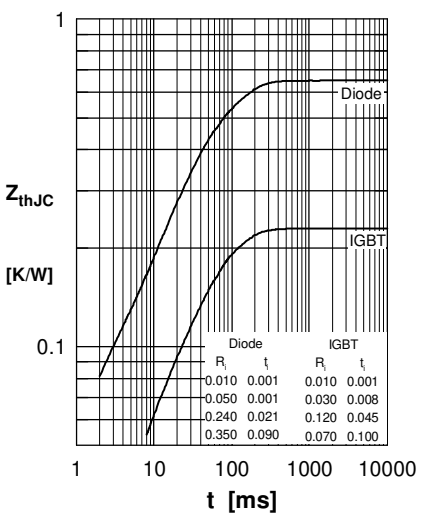


Fig.9 Transient thermal resistance junction to case