

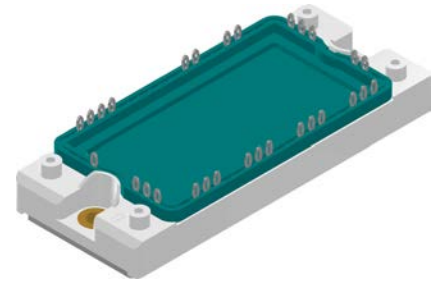
Standard Rectifier Module

3~ Rectifier	Brake Chopper
$V_{RRM} = 1600\text{ V}$	$V_{CES} = 1200\text{ V}$
$I_{DAV} = 280\text{ A}$	$I_{C25} = 180\text{ A}$
$I_{FSM} = 1500\text{ A}$	$V_{CE(sat)} = 1,7\text{ V}$

3~ Rectifier Bridge + Brake Unit + NTC

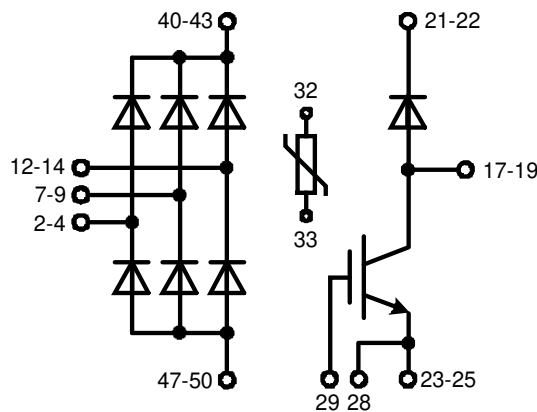
Part number

MDMA280UB1600PTED



Backside: isolated

 E72873



Features / Advantages:

- Package with DCB ceramic
- Improved temperature and power cycling
- Planar passivated chips
- Very low forward voltage drop
- Very low leakage current
- NTC
- X2PT - 2nd generation Xtreme light Punch Through
- Rugged X2PT design results in:
 - short circuit rated for 10 μsec .
 - very low gate charge
 - low EMI
 - square RBSOA @ 2x I_c
- Thin wafer technology combined with X2PT design results in a competitive low $V_{CE(sat)}$ and low thermal resistance

Applications:

- 3~ Rectifier with brake unit for drive inverters

Package: E2-Pack

- Isolation Voltage: 4300 V~
- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- PressFit-Pins for PCB mounting
- Height: 17 mm
- Base plate: Copper internally DCB isolated
- Advanced power cycling
- Phase Change Material available

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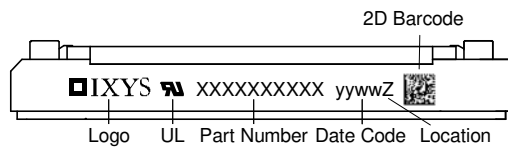
Rectifier				Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
V_{RSM}	max. non-repetitive reverse blocking voltage					1700	V
V_{RRM}	max. repetitive reverse blocking voltage					1600	V
I_R	reverse current	$V_R = 1600$ V		$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		100	μA
		$V_R = 1600$ V		$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$		2	mA
V_F	forward voltage drop	$I_F = 90$ A		$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1,23	V
		$I_F = 270$ A				1,75	V
		$I_F = 90$ A		$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$		1,18	V
		$I_F = 270$ A				1,87	V
I_{DAV}	bridge output current	$T_C = 85^\circ\text{C}$		$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$		280	A
		rectangular	$d = \frac{1}{3}$				
V_{FO}	threshold voltage			$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$		0,80	V
r_F	slope resistance					4,1	m Ω
						} for power loss calculation only	
R_{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case					0,35	K/W
R_{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heatsink				0,1		K/W
P_{tot}	total power dissipation			$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		355	W
I_{FSM}	max. forward surge current	$t = 10$ ms; (50 Hz), sine		$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$		1,50	kA
		$t = 8,3$ ms; (60 Hz), sine		$V_R = 0$ V		1,62	kA
		$t = 10$ ms; (50 Hz), sine		$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$		1,28	kA
		$t = 8,3$ ms; (60 Hz), sine		$V_R = 0$ V		1,38	kA
I^2t	value for fusing	$t = 10$ ms; (50 Hz), sine		$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$		11,3	kA ² s
		$t = 8,3$ ms; (60 Hz), sine		$V_R = 0$ V		10,9	kA ² s
		$t = 10$ ms; (50 Hz), sine		$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$		8,13	kA ² s
		$t = 8,3$ ms; (60 Hz), sine		$V_R = 0$ V		7,87	kA ² s
C_J	junction capacitance	$V_R = 400$ V; $f = 1$ MHz		$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		53	pF

Brake IGBT + Diode				Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	
V_{CES}	collector emitter voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$			1200	V	
V_{GES}	max. DC gate voltage				± 20	V	
V_{GEM}	max. transient gate emitter voltage				± 30	V	
I_{C25}	collector current	$T_C = 25^{\circ}C$			180	A	
I_{C100}		$T_C = 100^{\circ}C$			140	A	
P_{tot}	total power dissipation	$T_C = 25^{\circ}C$			500	W	
$V_{CE(sat)}$	collector emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 100\text{ A}; V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$			1,7	V	
					1,9	V	
$V_{GE(th)}$	gate emitter threshold voltage	$I_C = 4\text{ mA}; V_{GE} = V_{CE}$	6	6,8	7,5	V	
I_{CES}	collector emitter leakage current	$V_{CE} = V_{CES}; V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$			0,1	mA	
					0,1	mA	
I_{GES}	gate emitter leakage current	$V_{GE} = \pm 20\text{ V}$			500	nA	
$Q_{G(on)}$	total gate charge	$V_{CE} = 600\text{ V}; V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}; I_C = 100\text{ A}$		340		nC	
$t_{d(on)}$	turn-on delay time	inductive load $V_{CE} = 600\text{ V}; I_C = 100\text{ A}$ $V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}; R_G = 6,8\ \Omega$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}C$		230	ns	
t_r	current rise time				70	ns	
$t_{d(off)}$	turn-off delay time				380	ns	
t_f	current fall time				230	ns	
E_{on}	turn-on energy per pulse				12,5	mJ	
E_{off}	turn-off energy per pulse				11,5	mJ	
RBSOA	reverse bias safe operating area	$V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}; R_G = 6,8\ \Omega$					
I_{CM}		$V_{CEK} = 1200\text{ V}; \text{note } ^1)$			300	A	
SCSOA	short circuit safe operating area	$V_{CEK} = 1200\text{ V}$					
t_{SC}	short circuit duration	$V_{CE} = 720\text{ V}; V_{GE} = \pm 15$			10	μs	
I_{SC}	short circuit current	$R_G = 6,8\ \Omega; \text{non-repetitive}$		450		A	
R_{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case				0,25	K/W	
R_{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heatsink				0,10	K/W	
Brake Diode							
V_{RRM}	max. repetitive reverse voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$			1200	V	
I_{F25}	forward current	$T_C = 25^{\circ}C$			88	A	
I_{F100}		$T_C = 100^{\circ}C$			59	A	
V_F	forward voltage	$I_F = 60\text{ A}$			2,20	V	
					1,95	V	
I_R	reverse current	$V_R = V_{RRM}$			0,1	mA	
					1,2	mA	
Q_{rr}	reverse recovery charge	$V_R = 600\text{ V}$ $-di_F/dt = 1200\text{ A}/\mu s$ $I_F = 60\text{ A}; V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}C$		8	μC	
I_{RM}	max. reverse recovery current				60	A	
t_{rr}	reverse recovery time				350	ns	
E_{rec}	reverse recovery energy				2,5	mJ	
R_{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case				0,6	K/W	
R_{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heatsink				0,1	K/W	

¹⁾ RBSOA line test conditions for dynamic testing prior to static testing:

470A @ 820V and $T_C = 150^{\circ}C$ with gate drive +16.5V / -15V, $R_{G(on)} = 6.8\ \Omega$ and $R_{G(off)} = 43\ \Omega$.

Package E2-Pack		Ratings				
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
I_{RMS}	RMS current	per terminal			30	A
T_{VJ}	virtual junction temperature		-40		150	°C
T_{op}	operation temperature		-40		125	°C
T_{stg}	storage temperature		-40		125	°C
Weight				176		g
M_D	mounting torque		3		6	Nm
$d_{Spp/App}$	creepage distance on surface striking distance through air	terminal to terminal	6,0			mm
$d_{Spb/Apb}$		terminal to backside	12,0			mm
V_{ISOL}	isolation voltage	t = 1 second t = 1 minute	4300			V
		50/60 Hz, RMS; $I_{ISOL} \leq 1$ mA	3600			V



Part description

M = Module
 D = Diode
 M = Standard Rectifier
 A = (up to 1800V)
 280 = Current Rating [A]
 UB = 3- Rectifier Bridge + Brake Unit
 1600 = Reverse Voltage [V]
 PT = PressFit-Pin, Thermistor
 ED = E2-Pack
 - = Hyphen
 PC = Phase Change Material

Ordering	Ordering Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	MDMA280UB1600PTED	MDMA280UB1600PTED	Blister	28	516613
Alternative	MDMA280UB1600PTED-PC	MDMA280UB1600PTED	Blister	28	515416

Temperature Sensor NTC

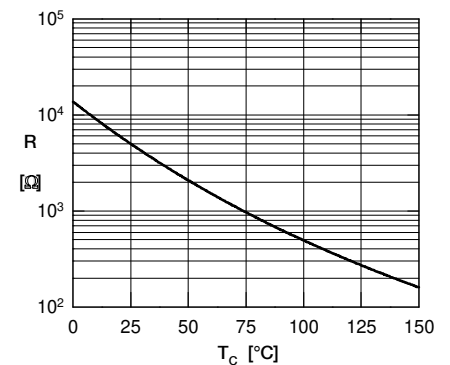
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
R_{25}	resistance	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ$	4,85	5	5,15	k Ω
$B_{25/50}$	temperature coefficient			3375		K

Equivalent Circuits for Simulation

* on die level

$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$

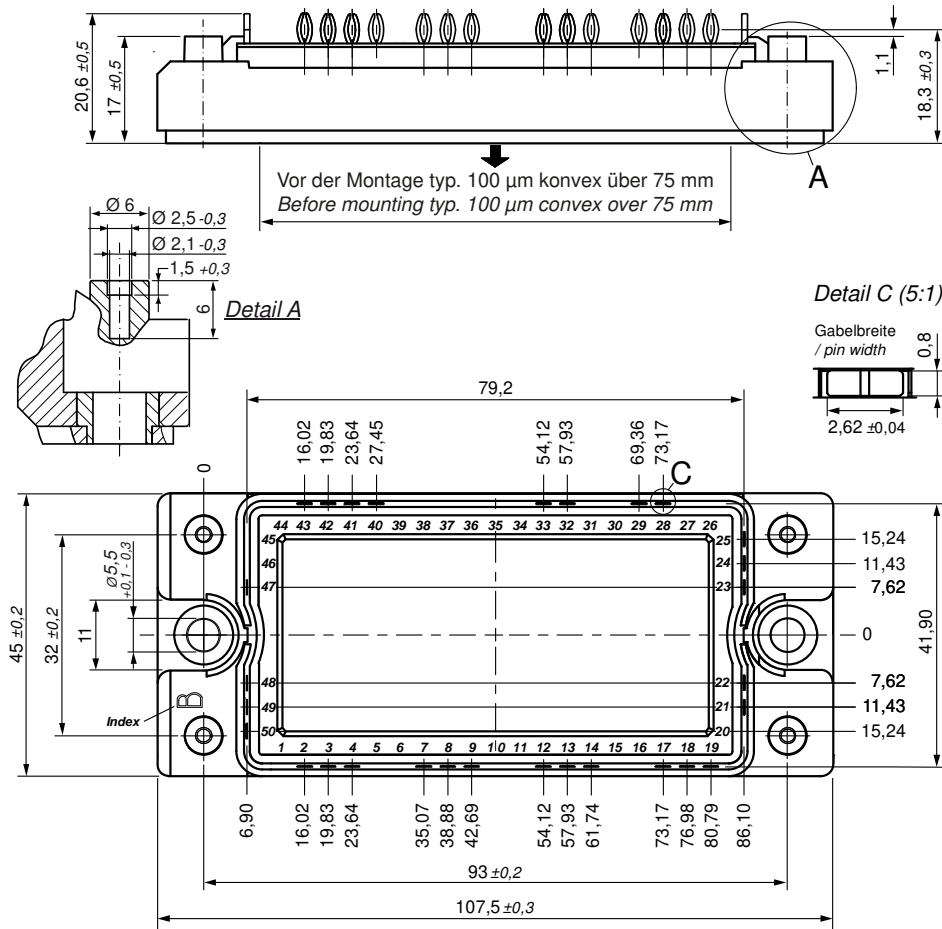
	Rectifier	Brake Diode	
V_0	0,8	1,22	V
R_0	2	13	m Ω



Typ. NTC resistance vs. temperature



Outlines E2-Pack

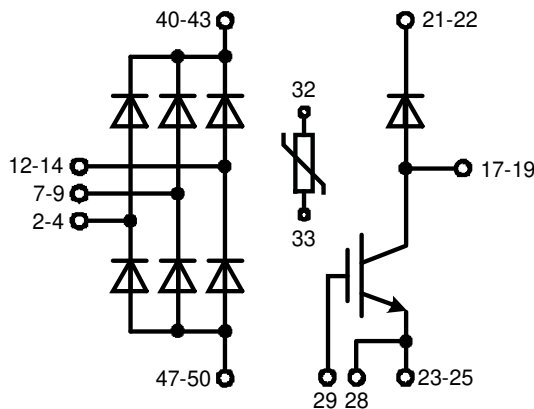


Bemerkung / Note:

- Nicht tolerierte Maße nach / Measure without tolerances according DIN ISO 2768-T1-m
- PCB-Lochmuster / PCB hole pattern: **see pin position**
- Toleranz Pin-Position und PCB-Lochmuster / Tolerance of pin position and PCB hole pattern: $\oplus 0,1$
- Bohrlochdurchmesser / Diameter of drill: **Ø 2.35 mm**
- Endlochdurchmesser / Diameter of plated holes: **Ø 2.14 - 2.29 mm** (Cu thickness in via typ. 50 µm)
- Beschichtung / Plating: **chem. Sn max. 15 µm**
- Einpresskraft / Insert Force: per terminal with a typ. insert speed of 7 mm/s: **typ. 90 N**
- Weitere Angaben / Further information: www.ixys.com **Application note IXAN0077**
- Montageanleitung / Mounting instruction: www.ixys.com **Application note IXAN0024**

Detail A: PCB-Montage / Mounting on PCB-

- Empfohlene, selbstschneidende Schraube / Recommended, self-tapping screw: **EJOT PT®** (Größe / size: **K25**)
- Max. Schraubenlänge / Max. screw length: **PCB-Dicke / thickness + 6 mm** (max. Lochtiefe / hole depth)
- Empfohlenes Drehmoment / Recommended mounting torque: **1.5 Nm**



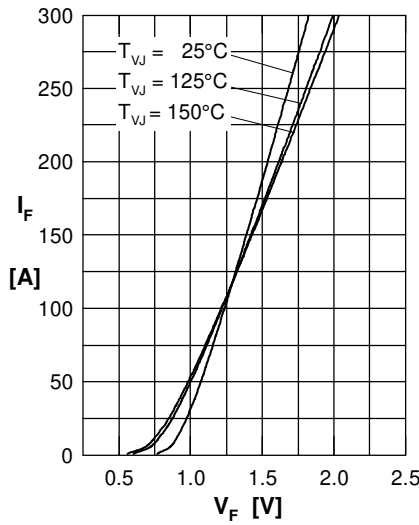
Rectifier


Fig. 1 Forward current versus voltage drop per diode

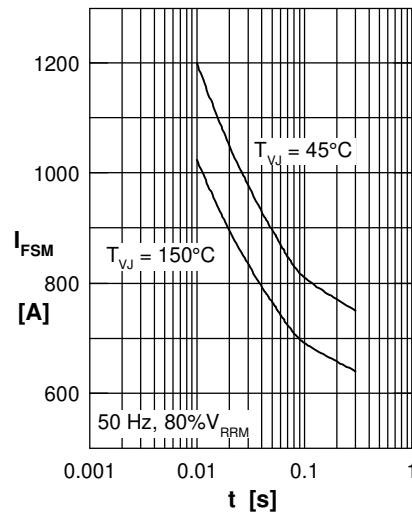


Fig. 2 Surge overload current vs. time per diode

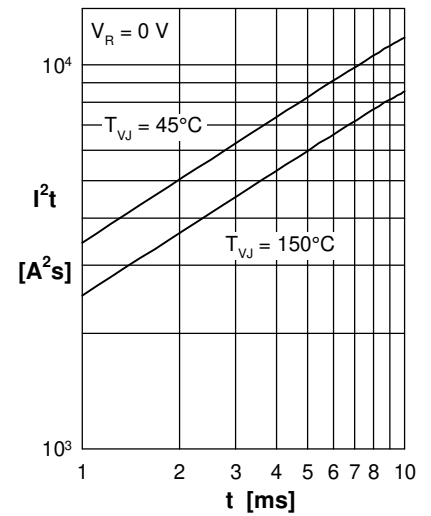
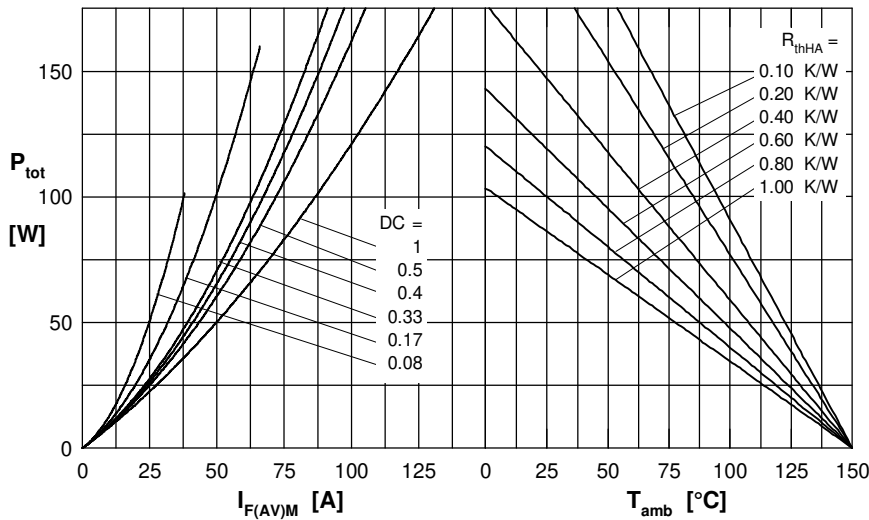

 Fig. 3 I^2t versus time per diode


Fig. 4 Power dissipation vs. forward current and ambient temperature per diode

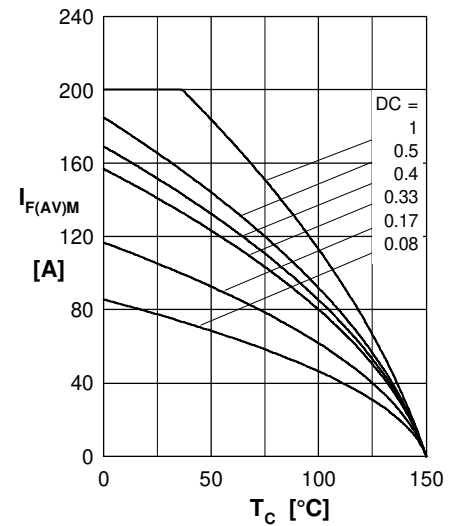


Fig. 5 Max. forward current vs. case temperature per diode

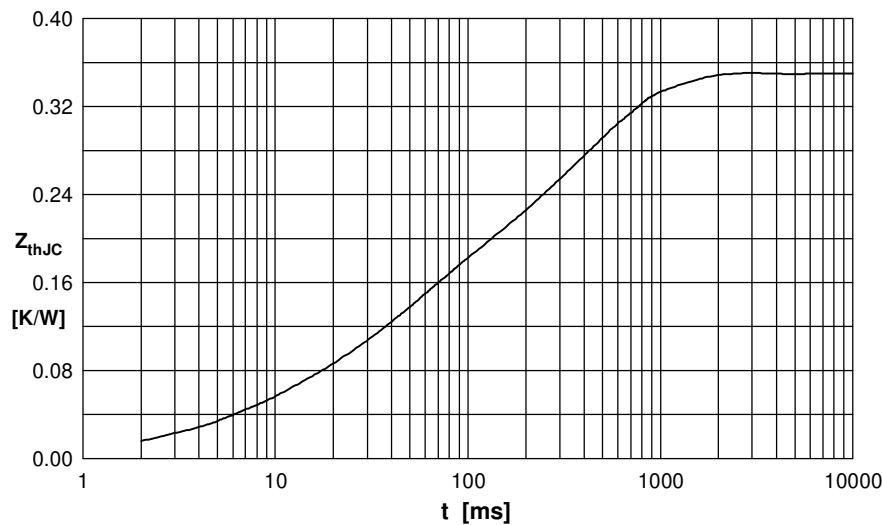


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance junction to case vs. time per diode

 Constants for Z_{thJC} calculation:

i	R_{thi} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.030	0.006
2	0.003	0.007
3	0.114	0.040
4	0.203	0.400

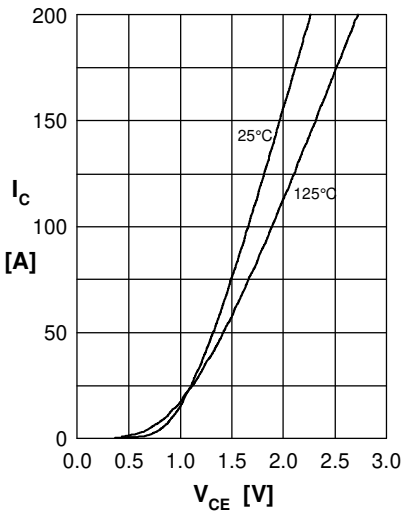
Brake IGBT + Diode


Fig.1 Output characteristics IGBT

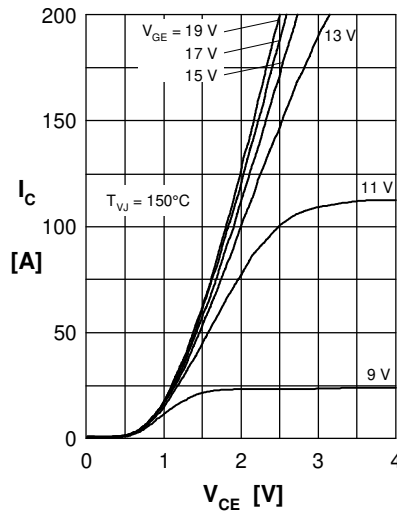


Fig.2 Typ. output characteristics IGBT

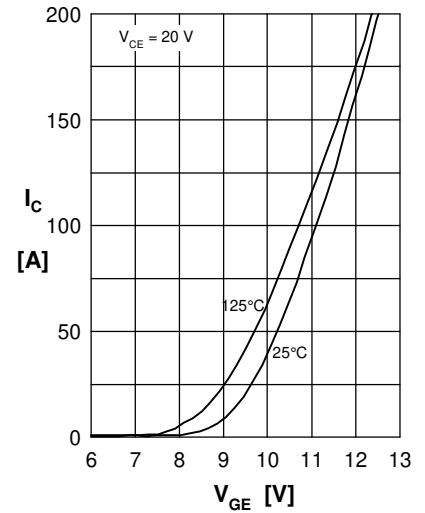


Fig.3 Typ. transfer charact. IGBT

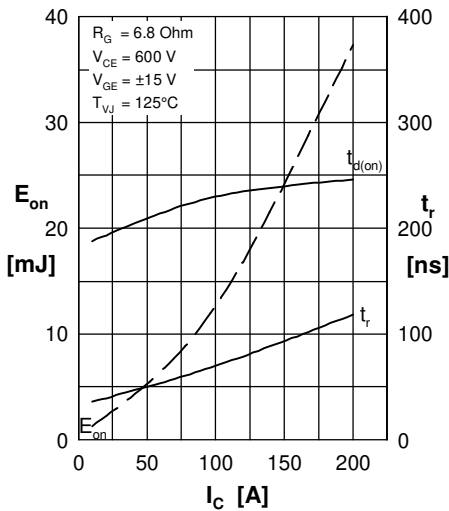


Fig.4 Typ. turn-on energy & switch. times vs. collector current

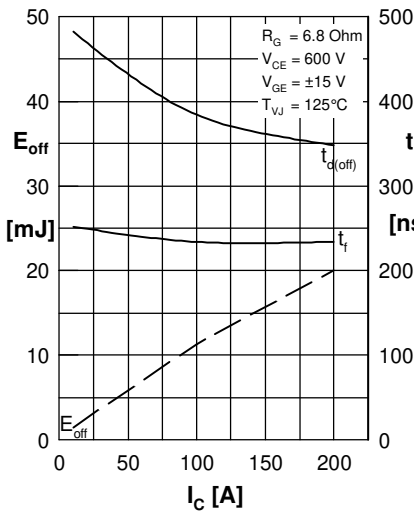


Fig.5 Typ. turn-off energy & switch. times vs. collector current

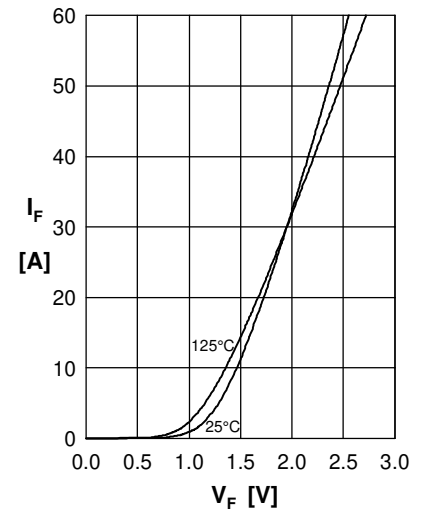
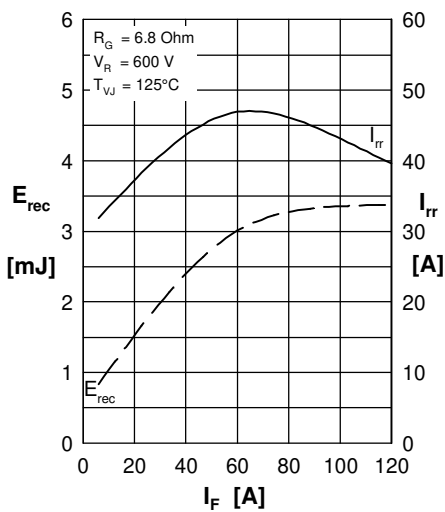

 Fig.6 Typ. forward current versus V_F


Fig.7 Typ. reverse recovery characteristics Diode

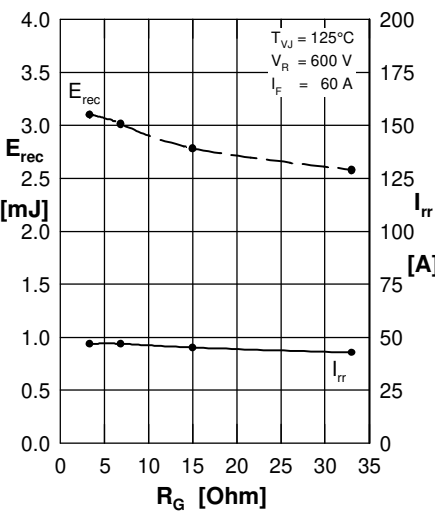


Fig.8 Typ. reverse recovery characteristics Diode

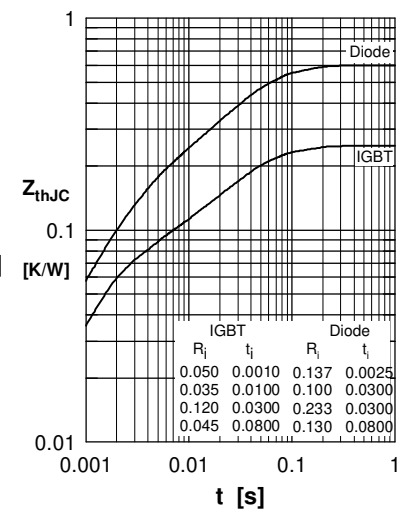


Fig.9 Transient thermal resistance junction to case