

Date: - 26 Aug, 2003

Data Sheet Issue:- 1

Fast Recovery Diode Types M2273V#300 to M2273V#360

Absolute Maximum Ratings

	VOLTAGE RATINGS	MAXIMUM LIMITS	UNITS
V_{RRM}	Repetitive peak reverse voltage, (note 1)	3000-3600	V
V_{RSM}	Non-repetitive peak reverse voltage, (note 1)	3100-3700	V

	OTHER RATINGS (note 6)	MAXIMUM LIMITS	UNITS
I _{F(AV)M}	Maximum mean forward current, T _{sink} =55°C, (note 2)	2273	Α
I _{F(AV)M}	Maximum mean forward current. T _{sink} =100°C, (note 2)	1479	Α
I _{F(AV)M}	Maximum mean forward current. T _{sink} =100°C, (note 3)	881	Α
I _{F(RMS)M}	Maximum RMS forward current, T _{sink} =25°C, (note 2)	4265	Α
I _{F(d.c.)}	D.C. forward current, T _{sink} =25°C, (note 4)	3663	Α
I _{FSM}	Peak non-repetitive surge t _p =10ms, V _{RM} =0.6V _{RRM} , (note 5)	28.0	kA
I _{FSM2}	Peak non-repetitive surge t _p =10ms, V _{RM} ≤10V, (note 5)	30.8	kA
I ² t	l^2t capacity for fusing t_p =10ms, V_{RM} =0.6 V_{RRM} , (note 5)	3.92×10 ⁶	A ² s
l ² t	l ² t capacity for fusing t _p =10ms, V _{RM} ≤10V, (note 5)	4.74×10 ⁶	A ² s
T _{j op}	Operating temperature range	-40 to +150	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature range	-40 to +150	°C

Notes:-

- 1) De-rating factor of 0.13% per $^{\circ}$ C is applicable for T_{j} below 25 $^{\circ}$ C.
- 2) Double side cooled, single phase; 50Hz, 180° half-sinewave.
- 3) Single side cooled, single phase; 50Hz, 180° half-sinewave.
- 4) Double side cooled.
- 5) Half-sinewave, 150°C T_j initial.



Characteristics

	PARAMETER	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	TEST CONDITIONS (Note 1)	UNITS	
V	Maximum neels forward valtage	-	-	2.90	I _{FM} =6800A	V	
V_{FM}	Maximum peak forward voltage	-	-	2.40	I _{FM} =4550A	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
V_{T0}	Threshold voltage	-	-	1.239		V	
r_{T}	Slope resistance	-	-	0.244		$m\Omega$	
V _{FRM} N	Maximum forward recovery voltage	-	-	40	di/dt = 1000A/µs, T _j =25°C	V	
		-	-	95	di/dt = 1000A/µs	V	
I_{RRM}	Peak reverse current	-	-	150	Rated V _{RRM}	mA	
Q _{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	-	2500	-		μC	
Q _{ra}	Recovered charge, 50% Chord	-	1300	1500	I _{FM} =1000A, t _p =1000μs, di/dt=60A/μs,	μC	
I_{rm}	Reverse Recovery Current	-	300	-	V _r =50V, 50% Chord.	Α	
trr	Reverse recovery time, 50% Chord	-	8.5	-		μs	
D	Thermal resistance innetion to be tainly	-	-	0.016	Double side cooled	K/W	
R _{thJK} Thermal resista	Thermal resistance, junction to heatsink	-	-	0.032	Single side cooled		
F	Mounting force	27	-	34		kN	
\A/	M/-:	-	1000	-	Outline option VC		
Wt	Wt Weight (note 2)		800	-	Outline option VF	g	

Notes:-

- 1) Unless otherwise indicated T_i=150°C.
- 2) The outline code is denoted by a '#' in the part number. See ordering information for details of outline codes.



Notes on Ratings and Characteristics

1.0 Voltage Grade Table

Voltage Grade	V _{RRM} (V)	V _{RSM} (V)	V _R dc (V)
30	3000	3100	1700
32	3200	3300	1800
34	3400	3500	1850
36	3600	3600	1900

2.0 De-rating Factor

A blocking voltage de-rating factor of 0.13% per °C is applicable to this device for T_i below 25°C.

3.0 ABCD Constants

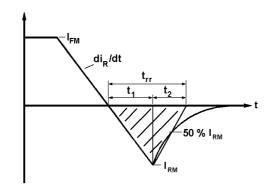
These constants (applicable only over current range of V_F characteristic in Figure 1) are the coefficients of the expression for the forward characteristic given below:

$$V_F = A + B \cdot \ln(I_F) + C \cdot I_F + D \cdot \sqrt{I_F}$$

where I_F = instantaneous forward current.

4.0 Reverse recovery ratings

(i) Q_{ra} is based on 50% I_{rm} chord as shown in Fig.(a) below.



(ii) Q_{rr} is based on a 150μs integration time.

(ii)
$$Q_{rr}$$
 is based on a 150 μ s integration time.
$$Q_{rr} = \int\limits_{0}^{150 \, \mu s} i_{rr}.dt$$
 (iii)
$$K \ Factor = \frac{t_1}{t_2}$$

(iii)
$$K Factor = \frac{t_1}{t_2}$$

5.0 Reverse Recovery Loss

The following procedure is recommended for use where it is necessary to include reverse recovery loss.

From waveforms of recovery current obtained from a high frequency shunt (see Note 1) and reverse voltage present during recovery, an instantaneous reverse recovery loss waveform must be constructed. Let the area under this waveform be E joules per pulse. A new sink temperature can then be evaluated from:

$$T_{SINK} = T_{j(MAX)} - E \cdot [k + f \cdot R_{thJK}]$$

Where $k = 0.2314 \, (^{\circ}\text{C/W})/\text{s}$

E = Area under reverse loss waveform per pulse in joules (W.s.)

f = Rated frequency in Hz at the original sink temperature.

 $R_{th(J-Hs)}$ = d.c. thermal resistance (°C/W)

The total dissipation is now given by:

$$W_{(tot)} = W_{(original)} + E \cdot f$$

NOTE 1 - Reverse Recovery Loss by Measurement

This device has a low reverse recovered charge and peak reverse recovery current. When measuring the charge, care must be taken to ensure that:

- (a) AC coupled devices such as current transformers are not affected by prior passage of high amplitude forward current.
- (b) A suitable, polarised, clipping circuit must be connected to the input of the measuring oscilloscope to avoid overloading the internal amplifiers by the relatively high amplitude forward current signal.
- (c) Measurement of reverse recovery waveform should be carried out with an appropriate critically damped snubber, connected across diode anode to cathode. The formula used for the calculation of this snubber is shown below:

$$R^2 = 4 \cdot \frac{V_r}{C_S \cdot \frac{di}{dt}}$$

Where: V_r = Commutating source voltage

C_S = Snubber capacitance

R = Snubber resistance

6.0 Snubber Components

When selecting snubber components, care must be taken not to use excessively large values of snubber capacitor or excessively small values of snubber resistor. Such excessive component values may lead to device damage due to the large resultant values of snubber discharge current. If required, please consult the factory for assistance.

7.0 Computer Modelling Parameters

7.1 Device Dissipation Calculations

$$I_{AV} = \frac{-V_o + \sqrt{V_o + 4 \cdot ff^2 \cdot r_s \cdot W_{AV}}}{2 \cdot ff^2 \cdot r_s}$$

Where $V_{T0} = 1.239 \text{V}, r_T = 0.244 \text{m}\Omega$

ff = form factor (normally unity for fast diode applications)

$$W_{AV} = \frac{\Delta T}{R_{th}}$$

$$\Delta T = T_{j(MAX)} - T_K$$

7.2 Calculation of V_F using ABCD Coefficients

The forward characteristic I_F Vs V_F, on page 6 is represented in two ways;

- the well established V_{T0} and r_T tangent used for rating purposes and
- a set of constants A, B, C, and D forming the coefficients of the representative equation for V_F in (ii) terms of I_F given below:

$$V_F = A + B \cdot \ln(I_F) + C \cdot I_F + D \cdot \sqrt{I_F}$$

The constants, derived by curve fitting software, are given in this report for hot characteristics. The resulting values for V_F agree with the true device characteristic over a current range, which is limited to that plotted.

125°C Coefficients				
A 0.266784016				
В	0.09483974			
С	1.47257×10 ⁻⁴			
D	9.640009×10 ⁻³			

8.0 Frequency Ratings

The curves illustrated in figures 8 to 16 are for guidance only and are superseded by the maximum ratings shown on page 1.

9.0 Square wave ratings

These ratings are given for load component rate of rise of forward current of 100 and 500 A/µs.

10.0 Duty cycle lines

The 100% duty cycle is represented on all the ratings by a straight line. Other duties can be included as parallel to the first.

Curves

Figure 1 – Forward characteristics of Limit device

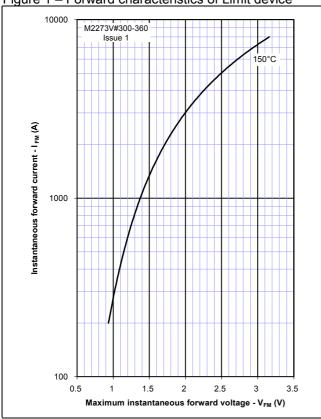


Figure 2 – Maximum forward recovery voltage

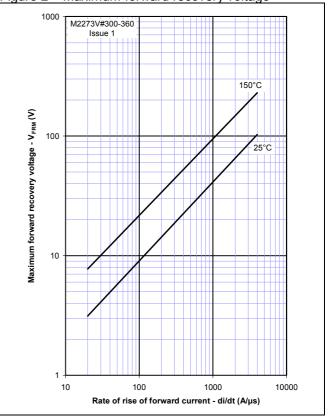


Figure 3 - Recovered charge, Q_{rr}

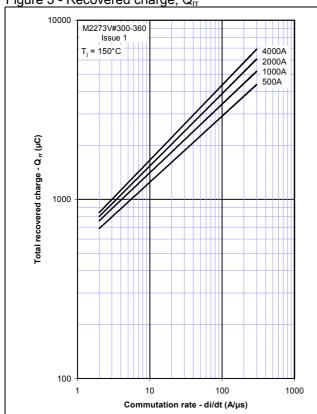
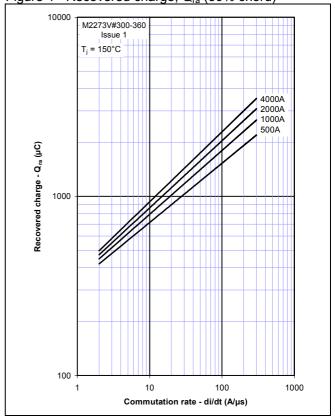


Figure 4 - Recovered charge, Q_{ra} (50% chord)





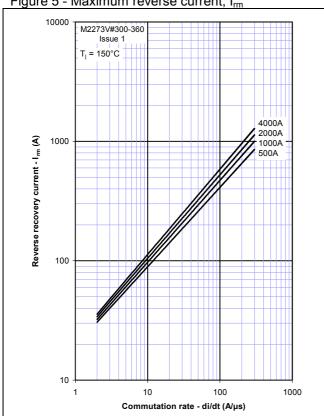
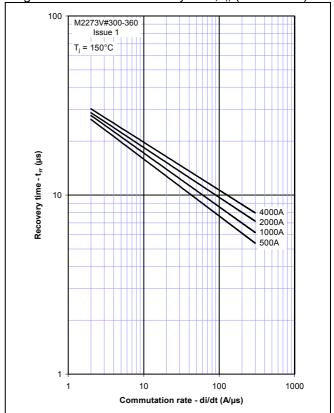


Figure 6 - Maximum recovery time, t_{rr} (50% chord)



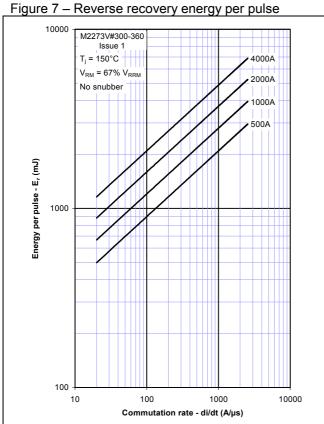


Figure 8 - Sine wave energy per pulse

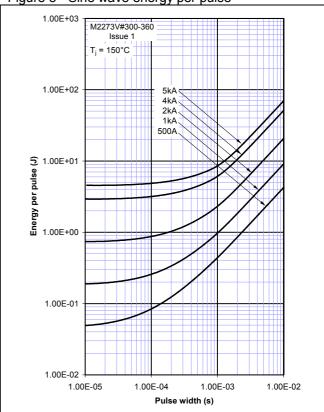


Figure 9 - Sine wave frequency vs. pulse width

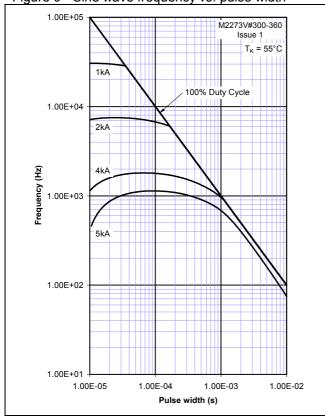


Figure 10 - Sine wave frequency vs. pulse width

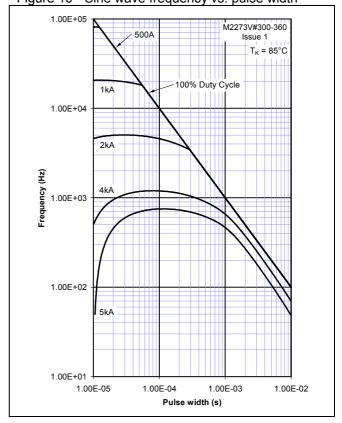


Figure 11 - Square wave frequency vs pulse width

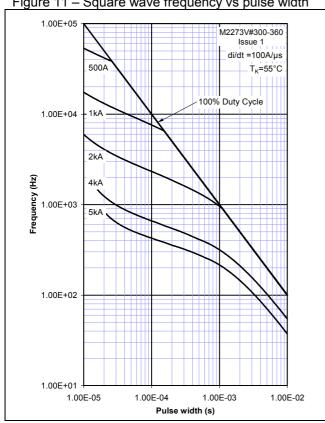


Figure 12 - Square wave frequency vs pulse width

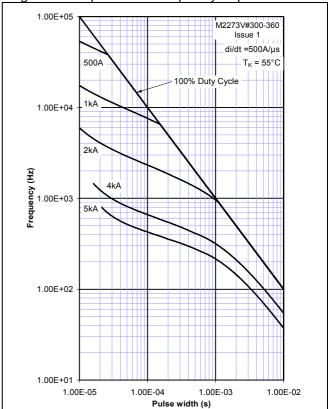


Figure 13 - Square wave frequency vs pulse width

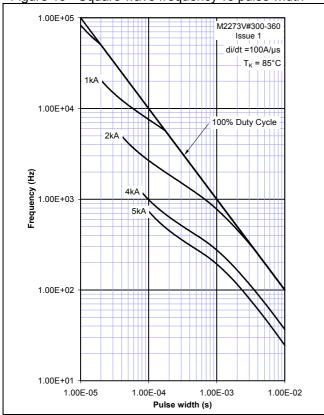
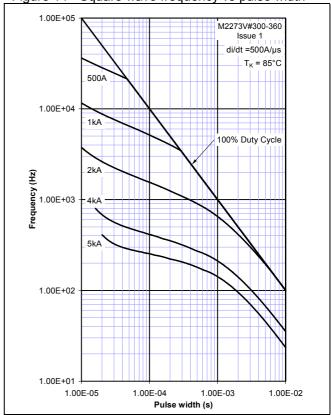


Figure 14 - Square wave frequency vs pulse width



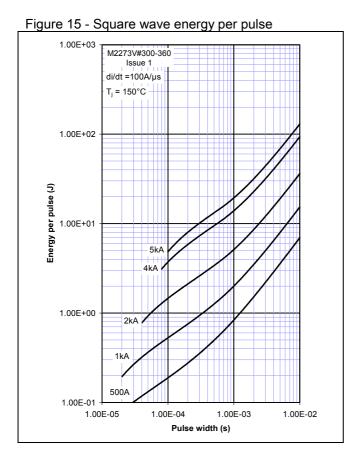
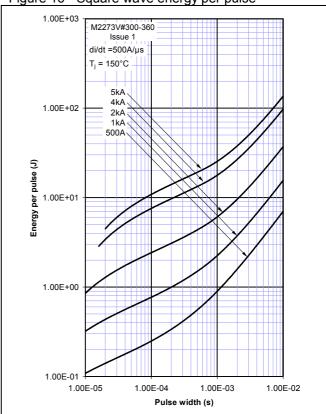
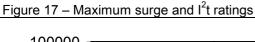
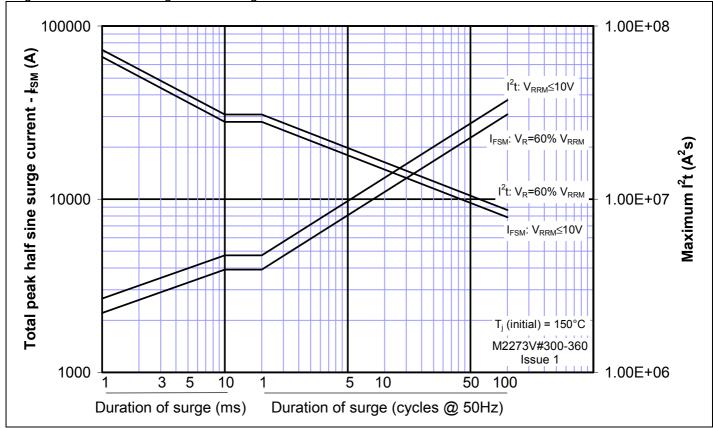


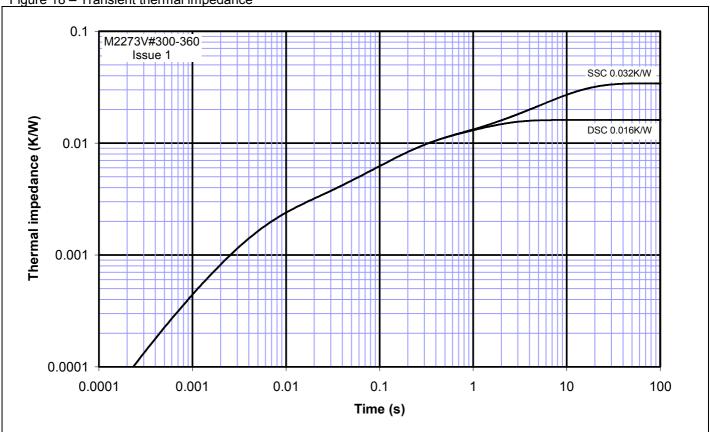
Figure 16 - Square wave energy per pulse



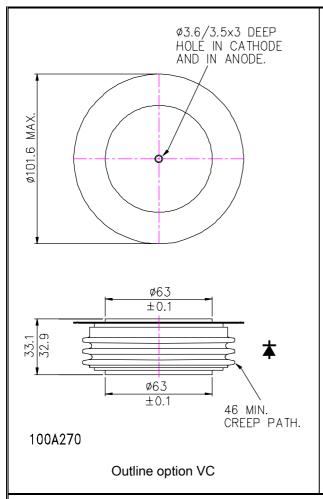


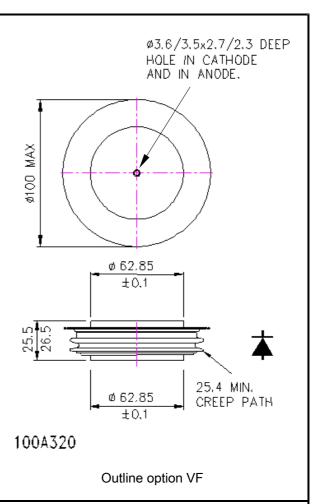






Outline Drawing & Ordering Information





ORDERING INFORMATION		(Please quote 10 digit code as below)		
M2273	VC or VF	* *	0	
Fixed Type Code	Outline code VC=33.1mm height VF=26.5mm height	Voltage code V _{RRM} /100 30-36	Fixed code	

Typical order code: M2273VC340 - 3400V V_{RRM}, 33.1mm clamp height capsule.

IXYS Semiconductor GmbH

Edisonstraße 15 D-68623 Lampertheim Tel: +49 6206 503-0 Fax: +49 6206 503-627 E-mail: marcom@ixys.de

An IIXYS Company

www.westcode.com

www.ixys.com

IXYS Corporation

3540 Bassett Street Santa Clara CA 95054 USA Tel: +1 (408) 982 0700 Fax: +1 (408) 496 0670

E-mail: sales@ixys.net

Westcode Semiconductors Inc

3270 Cherry Avenue Long Beach CA 90807 USA Tel: +1 (562) 595 6971 Fax: +1 (562) 595 8182

E-mail: WSI.sales@westcode.com

Westcode Semiconductors Ltd

Langley Park Way, Langley Park,

Tel: +44 (0)1249 444524

Fax: +44 (0)1249 659448

Chippenham, Wiltshire SN15 1GE.

E-mail: WSL.sales@westcode.com

The information contained herein is confidential and is protected by Copyright. The information may not be used or disclosed except with the written permission of and in the manner permitted by the proprietors Westcode Semiconductors Ltd

In the interest of product improvement, Westcode reserves the right to change specifications at any time without prior notice.

Devices with a suffix code (2-letter, 3-letter or letter/digit/letter combination) added to their generic code are not necessarily subject to the conditions and limits contained in this report.

© Westcode Semiconductors Ltd.

