

Standard Rectifier Module

3~ Rectifier
$V_{RRM} = 1600\text{ V}$
$I_{DAV} = 125\text{ A}$
$I_{FSM} = 1200\text{ A}$

3~ Rectifier Bridge

Part number

VUO110-16NO7



 E72873



Features / Advantages:

- Package with DCB ceramic
- Improved temperature and power cycling
- Planar passivated chips
- Very low forward voltage drop
- Very low leakage current

Applications:

- Diode for main rectification
- For three phase bridge configurations
- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

Package: PWS-E

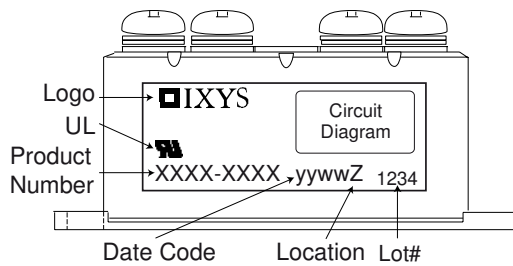
- Isolation Voltage: 3000 V~
- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- Easy to mount with two screws
- Base plate: Copper internally DCB isolated
- Advanced power cycling

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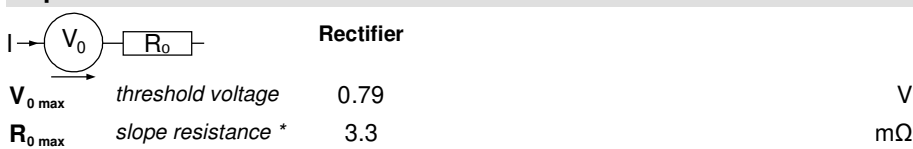
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Rectifier				Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
V_{RSM}	max. non-repetitive reverse blocking voltage					1700	V
V_{RRM}	max. repetitive reverse blocking voltage					1600	V
I_R	reverse current	$V_R = 1600$ V		$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		100	μA
		$V_R = 1600$ V		$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$		2	mA
V_F	forward voltage drop	$I_F = 50$ A		$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.13	V
		$I_F = 150$ A				1.46	V
		$I_F = 50$ A		$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$		1.04	V
		$I_F = 150$ A				1.47	V
I_{DAV}	bridge output current	$T_C = 110^\circ\text{C}$	rectangular	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$		125	A
V_{FO}	threshold voltage	} for power loss calculation only		$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$		0.79	V
r_F	slope resistance					4.5	m Ω
R_{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case					0.7	K/W
R_{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heatsink				0.3		K/W
P_{tot}	total power dissipation			$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		175	W
I_{FSM}	max. forward surge current	$t = 10$ ms; (50 Hz), sine		$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$		1.20	kA
		$t = 8,3$ ms; (60 Hz), sine		$V_R = 0$ V		1.30	kA
		$t = 10$ ms; (50 Hz), sine		$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$		1.02	kA
		$t = 8,3$ ms; (60 Hz), sine		$V_R = 0$ V		1.10	kA
I^2t	value for fusing	$t = 10$ ms; (50 Hz), sine		$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$		7.20	kA ² s
		$t = 8,3$ ms; (60 Hz), sine		$V_R = 0$ V		6.98	kA ² s
		$t = 10$ ms; (50 Hz), sine		$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$		5.20	kA ² s
		$t = 8,3$ ms; (60 Hz), sine		$V_R = 0$ V		5.04	kA ² s
C_J	junction capacitance	$V_R = 400$ V; $f = 1$ MHz		$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		37	pF

Package PWS-E				Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	
I_{RMS}	RMS current	per terminal			200	A	
T_{VJ}	virtual junction temperature		-40		150	°C	
T_{op}	operation temperature		-40		125	°C	
T_{stg}	storage temperature		-40		125	°C	
Weight					284	g	
M_D	mounting torque		4.25		5.75	Nm	
M_T	terminal torque		4.25		5.75	Nm	
$d_{Spp/App}$	creepage distance on surface striking distance through air	terminal to terminal	12.0			mm	
$d_{Spb/Apb}$		terminal to backside	26.0			mm	
V_{ISOL}	isolation voltage	t = 1 second	3000			V	
		t = 1 minute	2500			V	



Ordering	Ordering Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	VUO110-16NO7	VUO110-16NO7	Box	5	462403

Equivalent Circuits for Simulation
** on die level*
 $T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$




Outlines PWS-E



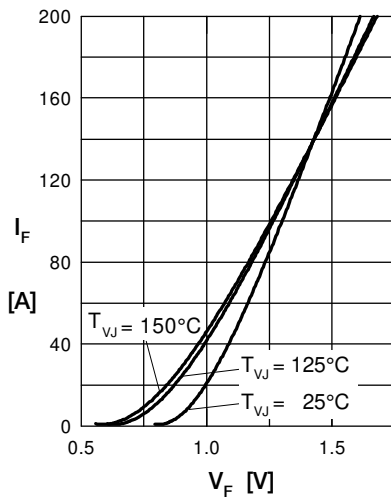
Rectifier


Fig. 1 Forward current vs. voltage drop per diode

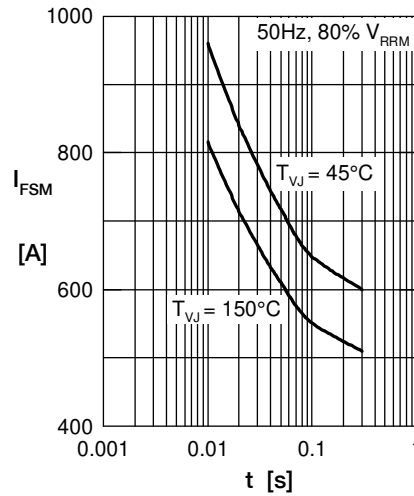


Fig. 2 Surge overload current vs. time per diode

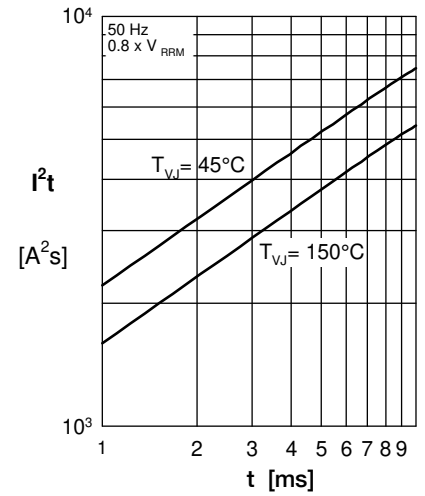
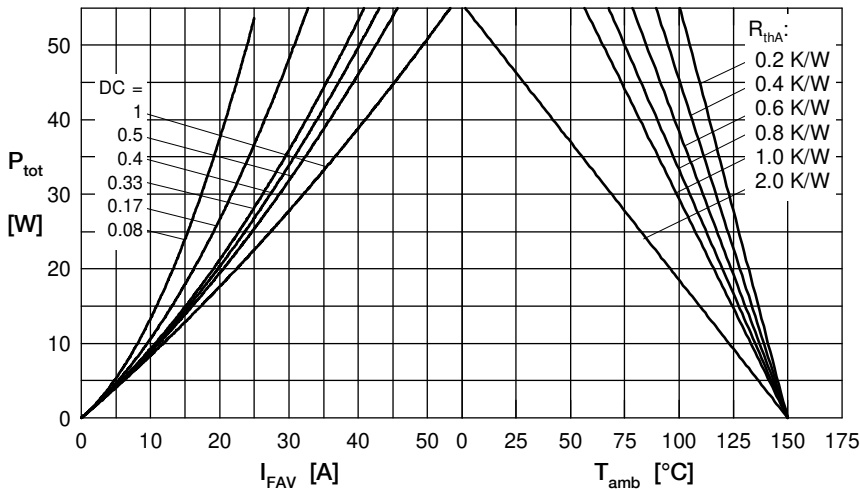

 Fig. 3 I^2t vs. time per diode


Fig. 4 Power dissipation vs. forward current and ambient temperature per diode

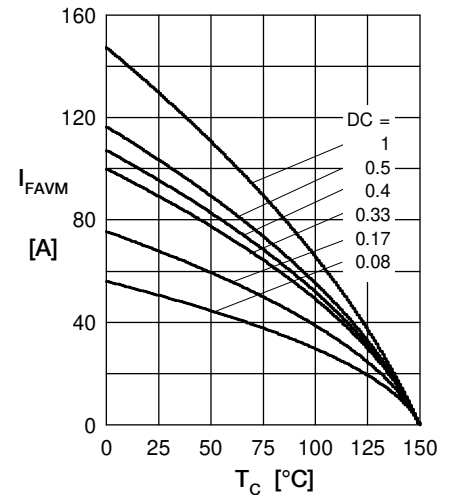


Fig. 5 Max. forward current vs. case temperature per diode

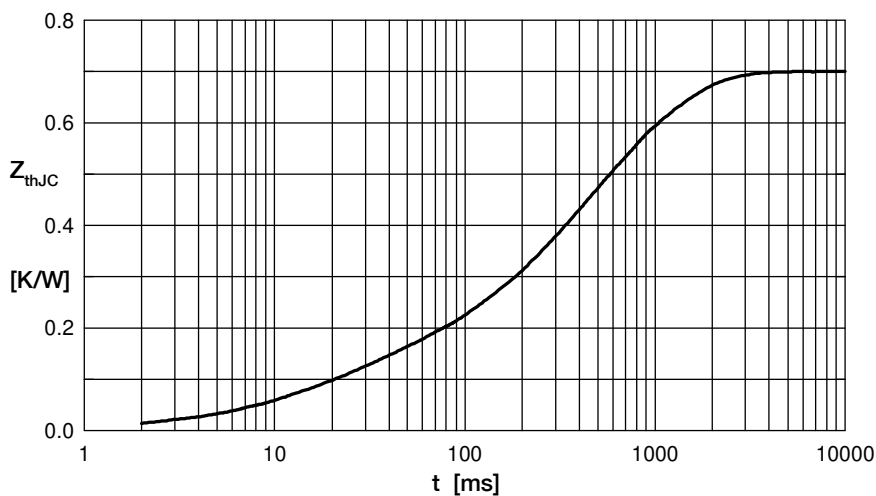


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance junction to case vs. time per diode

R_i	t_i
0.100	0.020
0.010	0.010
0.162	0.225
0.258	0.800
0.170	0.580