

# High Efficiency Thyristor

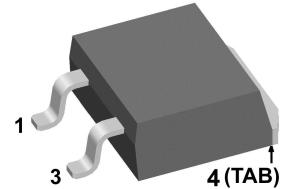
$V_{RRM}$  = 1200 V  
 $I_{TAV}$  = 40 A  
 $V_T$  = 1.26 V

Two Quadrants Operation QI & QII  
Single Thyristor with two gate polarities

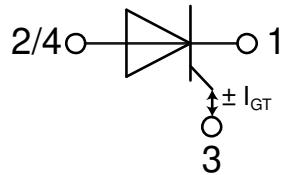
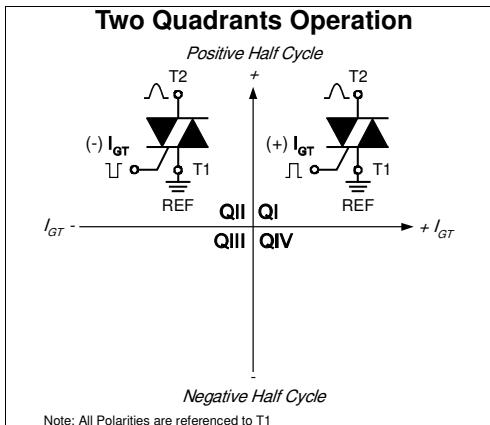
## Part number

**CLA40E1200NPZ**

Marking on Product: *CLA40E1200NPZ*



Backside: anode



## Features / Advantages:

- Thyristor for line frequency
- Planar passivated chip
- Long-term stability
- Two gate current polarities usable
  - positive -> quadrant I
  - negative -> quadrant II
- Thyristor can be used as Triac
  - anti-parallel combination with AGT
  - Anode-Gated-Thyristor covers quadrant III
  - AGT-counterpart: CLB40I1200PZ

## Applications:

- Line rectifying 50/60 Hz
- Softstart AC motor control
- DC Motor control
- Power converter
- AC power control
- Lighting and temperature control

## Package: TO-263 (D2Pak-HV)

- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- Epoxy meets UL 94V-0

## Disclaimer Notice

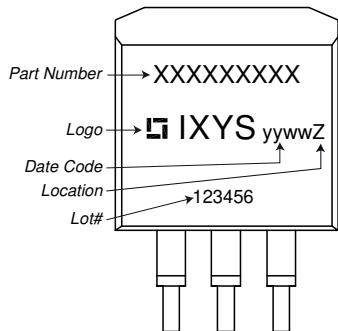
Information furnished is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, users should independently evaluate the suitability of and test each product selected for their own applications. Littelfuse products are not designed for, and may not be used in, all applications. Read complete Disclaimer Notice at [www.littelfuse.com/disclaimer-electronics](http://www.littelfuse.com/disclaimer-electronics).

**Thyristor**

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	Ratings			
			min.	typ.	max.	
$V_{RSM/DSM}$	max. non-repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$			1300	V
$V_{RRM/DRM}$	max. repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$			1200	V
$I_{R/D}$	reverse current, drain current	$V_{R/D} = 1200 \text{ V}$ $V_{R/D} = 1200 \text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$		10 2	$\mu\text{A}$ mA
$V_T$	forward voltage drop	$I_T = 40 \text{ A}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.30	V
		$I_T = 80 \text{ A}$			1.59	V
		$I_T = 40 \text{ A}$	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$		1.26	V
		$I_T = 80 \text{ A}$			1.64	V
$I_{TAV}$	average forward current	$T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$		40	A
$I_{T(RMS)}$	RMS forward current	180° sine			63	A
$V_{TO}$	threshold voltage	$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{slope resistance} \\ \end{array} \right\} \text{for power loss calculation only}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$		0.85	V
$r_T$	slope resistance				9.9	$\text{m}\Omega$
$R_{thJC}$	thermal resistance junction to case				0.4	K/W
$R_{thCH}$	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.25		K/W
$P_{tot}$	total power dissipation		$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		310	W
$I_{TSM}$	max. forward surge current	$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$		520	A
		$t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$V_R = 0 \text{ V}$		560	A
		$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$		440	A
		$t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$V_R = 0 \text{ V}$		475	A
$I^2t$	value for fusing	$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$		1.35	$\text{kA}^2\text{s}$
		$t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$V_R = 0 \text{ V}$		1.31	$\text{kA}^2\text{s}$
		$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$		970	$\text{A}^2\text{s}$
		$t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$V_R = 0 \text{ V}$		940	$\text{A}^2\text{s}$
$C_J$	junction capacitance	$V_R = 400 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	19		pF
$P_{GM}$	max. gate power dissipation	$t_p = 30 \mu\text{s}$	$T_C = 150^\circ\text{C}$		10	W
		$t_p = 300 \mu\text{s}$			5	W
$P_{GAV}$	average gate power dissipation				0.5	W
$(di/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of current	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}; f = 50 \text{ Hz}$ repetitive, $I_T = 120 \text{ A}$			150	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
		$t_p = 200 \mu\text{s}; di_G/dt = 0.3 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s};$				
		$I_G = 0.3 \text{ A}; V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ non-repet., $I_T = 40 \text{ A}$			500	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
$(dv/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of voltage	$V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$		500	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$
		$R_{GK} = \infty$ ; method 1 (linear voltage rise)				
$V_{GT}$	gate trigger voltage	$V_D = 6 \text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.7	V
			$T_{VJ} = -40^\circ\text{C}$		1.9	V
$I_{GT}$	gate trigger current	$V_D = 6 \text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		$\pm 35$	mA
			$T_{VJ} = -40^\circ\text{C}$		$\pm 55$	mA
$V_{GD}$	gate non-trigger voltage	$V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$		0.2	V
$I_{GD}$	gate non-trigger current				$\pm 1$	mA
$I_L$	latching current	$t_p = 10 \mu\text{s}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		100	mA
		$I_G = 0.3 \text{ A}; di_G/dt = 0.3 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$				
$I_H$	holding current	$V_D = 6 \text{ V}$ $R_{GK} = \infty$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		70	mA
$t_{gd}$	gate controlled delay time	$V_D = \frac{1}{2} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2	$\mu\text{s}$
		$I_G = 0.3 \text{ A}; di_G/dt = 0.3 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$				
$t_q$	turn-off time	$V_R = 100 \text{ V}; I_T = 40 \text{ A}; V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$	$di/dt = 10 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ $dv/dt = 20 \text{ V}/\mu\text{s}$ $t_p = 200 \mu\text{s}$	150		$\mu\text{s}$

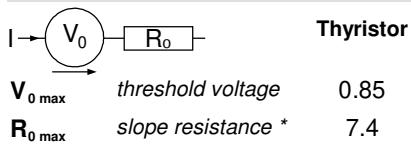
**Package TO-263 (D2Pak-HV)**

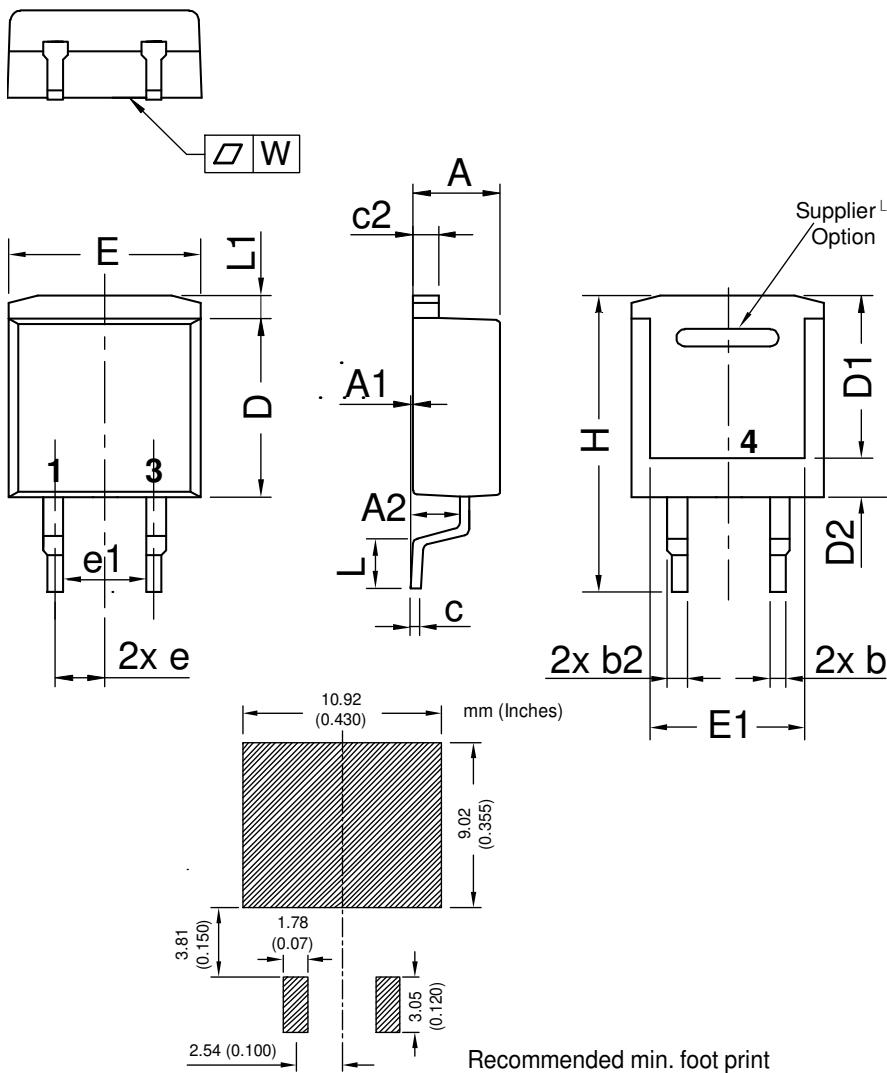
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	Ratings			
			min.	typ.	max.	
$I_{RMS}$	$RMS$ current	per terminal			35	A
$T_{VJ}$	virtual junction temperature		-40		150	°C
$T_{op}$	operation temperature		-40		125	°C
$T_{stg}$	storage temperature		-40		150	°C
<b>Weight</b>				1.5		g
$F_c$	mounting force with clip		20		60	N
$d_{Spp/App}$	creepage distance on surface / striking distance through air	terminal to terminal	4.2			mm
$d_{Spb/Apb}$		terminal to backside	4.7			mm

**Product Marking**

**Part description**

C = Thyristor (SCR)  
 L = High Efficiency Thyristor  
 A = (up to 1200V)  
 40 = Current Rating [A]  
 E = Single Thyristor with two gate polarities  
 1200 = Reverse Voltage [V]  
 N = Three Quadrants operation: QI - QIII  
 PZ = TO-263AB (D2Pak) (2HV)

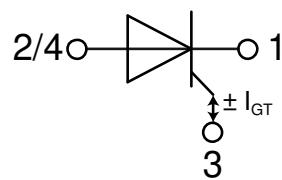
Ordering	Ordering Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	CLA40E1200NPZ-TRL	CLA40E1200NPZ	Tape & Reel	800	518469
Alternative	CLA40E1200NPZ-TUB	CLA40E1200NPZ	Tube	50	525262

**Equivalent Circuits for Simulation**
*\* on die level*
 $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$ 


**Outlines TO-263 (D2Pak-HV)**


Dim.	Millimeter		Inches	
	min	max	min	max
A	4.06	4.83	0.160	0.190
A1	typ. 0.10		typ. 0.004	
A2	2.41		0.095	
b	0.51	0.99	0.020	0.039
b2	1.14	1.40	0.045	0.055
c	0.40	0.74	0.016	0.029
c2	1.14	1.40	0.045	0.055
D	8.38	9.40	0.330	0.370
D1	8.00	8.89	0.315	0.350
D2	2.3		0.091	
E	9.65	10.41	0.380	0.410
E1	6.22	8.50	0.245	0.335
e	2,54 BSC		0,100 BSC	
e1	4.28		0.169	
H	14.61	15.88	0.575	0.625
L	1.78	2.79	0.070	0.110
L1	1.02	1.68	0.040	0.066
W	typ. 0.02	0.040	typ. 0.0008	0.002

All dimensions conform with and/or within JEDEC standard.



## Thyristor

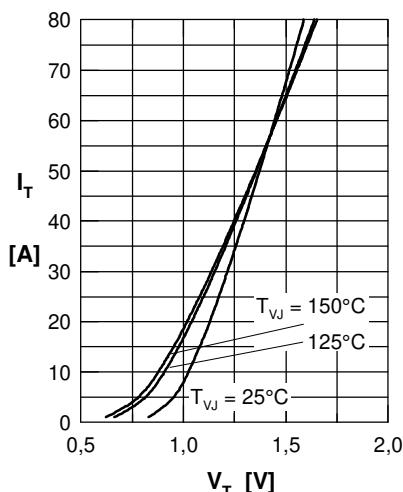


Fig. 1 Forward characteristics

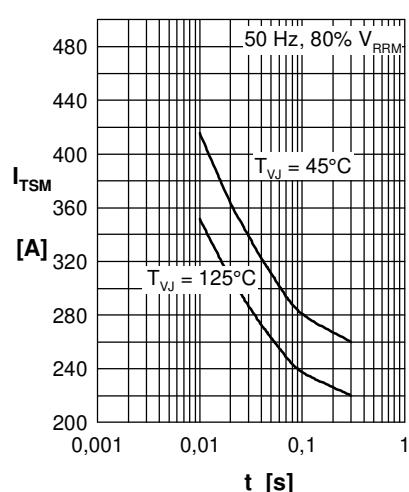


Fig. 2 Surge overload current  
 $I_{TS M}$ : crest value,  $t$ : duration

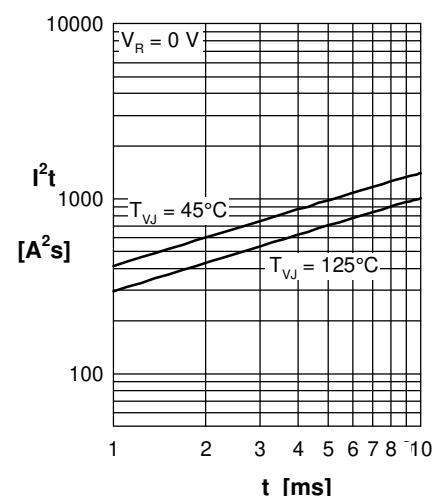


Fig. 3  $I^2t$  versus time (1-10 s)

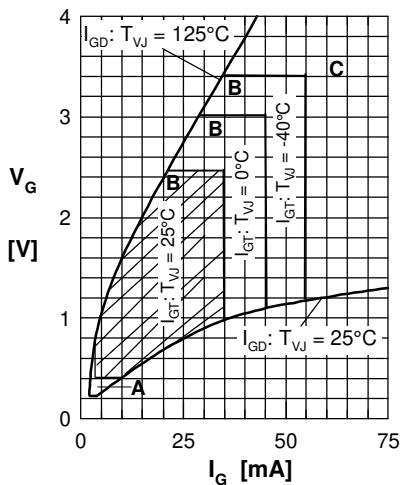


Fig. 4 Gate voltage & gate current  
Triggering: A = no; B = possible; C = safe

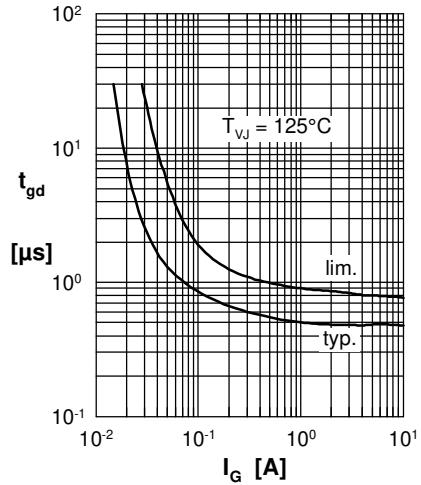


Fig. 5 Gate controlled delay time  $t_{gd}$

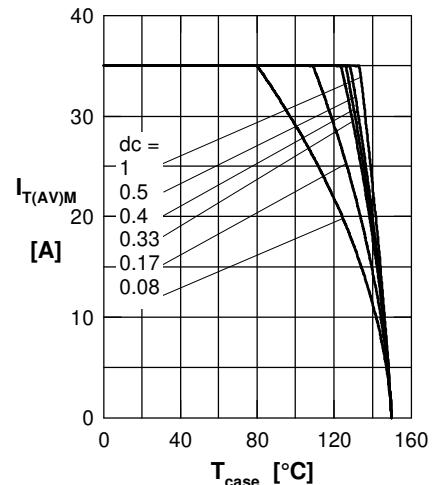


Fig. 6 Max. forward current at case temperature

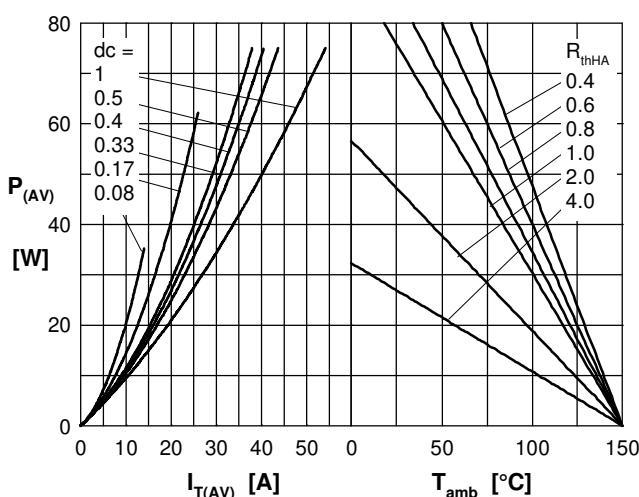


Fig. 7a Power dissipation versus direct output current  
Fig. 7b and ambient temperature

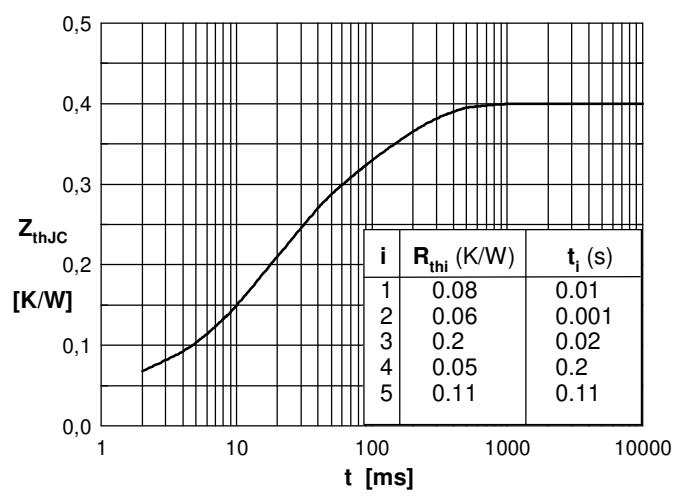


Fig. 7 Transient thermal impedance junction to case