

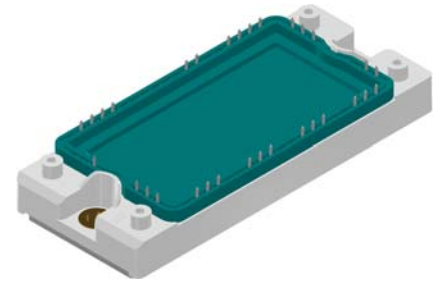
# Standard Rectifier Module

<b>3~ Rectifier</b>
$V_{RRM} = 1600\text{ V}$
$I_{DAV} = 360\text{ A}$
$I_{FSM} = 1900\text{ A}$

## 3~ Rectifier Bridge + Softstart-Thyristor

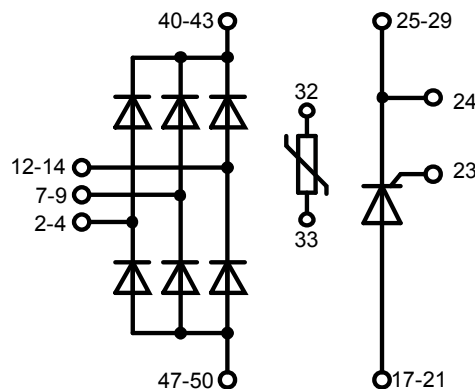
Part number

**MDMA360UC1600TED**



Backside: isolated

 E72873



### Features / Advantages:

- Package with DCB ceramic
- Improved temperature and power cycling
- Planar passivated chips
- Very low forward voltage drop
- Very low leakage current

### Applications:

- Diode for main rectification plus Softstart-Thyristor
- For three phase bridge configurations
- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

### Package: E2-Pack

- Isolation Voltage: 3600 V~
- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- PressFit-Pins for PCB mounting
- Height: 17 mm
- Base plate: Copper internally DCB isolated
- Advanced power cycling
- Phase Change Material available

### Disclaimer Notice

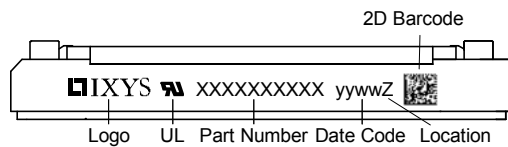
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Rectifier				Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	
$V_{RSM}$	max. non-repetitive reverse blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			1700	V	
$V_{RRM}$	max. repetitive reverse blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			1600	V	
$I_R$	reverse current	$V_R = 1600\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		100	$\mu\text{A}$	
		$V_R = 1600\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$		3	mA	
$V_F$	forward voltage drop	$I_F = 120\text{ A}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		1.25	V	
		$I_F = 360\text{ A}$			1.80	V	
		$I_F = 120\text{ A}$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$		1.23	V	
		$I_F = 360\text{ A}$			1.98	V	
$I_{DAV}$	bridge output current	$T_C = 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ rectangular $d = \frac{1}{3}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$		360	A	
$V_{F0}$	threshold voltage	} for power loss calculation only	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$		0.82	V	
$r_F$	slope resistance				3.4	m $\Omega$	
$R_{thJC}$	thermal resistance junction to case				0.25	K/W	
$R_{thCH}$	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.1		K/W	
$P_{tot}$	total power dissipation		$T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		500	W	
$I_{FSM}$	max. forward surge current	$t = 10\text{ ms}; (50\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}\text{C}$		1.90	kA	
		$t = 8,3\text{ ms}; (60\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$		2.05	kA	
		$t = 10\text{ ms}; (50\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$		1.62	kA	
		$t = 8,3\text{ ms}; (60\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$		1.75	kA	
$I^2t$	value for fusing	$t = 10\text{ ms}; (50\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}\text{C}$		18.1	kA <sup>2</sup> s	
		$t = 8,3\text{ ms}; (60\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$		17.5	kA <sup>2</sup> s	
		$t = 10\text{ ms}; (50\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$		13.0	kA <sup>2</sup> s	
		$t = 8,3\text{ ms}; (60\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$		12.7	kA <sup>2</sup> s	
$C_J$	junction capacitance	$V_R = 400\text{ V}; f = 1\text{ MHz}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		10	pF	



Softstart-Thyristor			Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$V_{RSM/DSM}$	max. non-repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$			1700	V
$V_{RRM/DRM}$	max. repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$			1600	V
$I_{R/D}$	reverse current, drain current	$V_{R/D} = 1600\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		100	$\mu A$
		$V_{R/D} = 1600\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$		15	mA
$V_T$	forward voltage drop	$I_T = 150\text{ A}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		1.34	V
		$I_T = 300\text{ A}$			1.73	V
		$I_T = 150\text{ A}$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}C$		1.31	V
		$I_T = 300\text{ A}$			1.77	V
$I_{TAV}$	average forward current	$T_C = 90^{\circ}C$ 180° sine	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$		150	A
$V_{TO}$	threshold voltage	} for power loss calculation only	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$		0.84	V
$r_T$	slope resistance				3.1	m $\Omega$
$R_{thJC}$	thermal resistance junction to case				0.17	K/W
$R_{thCH}$	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.080		K/W
$P_{tot}$	total power dissipation		$T_C = 25^{\circ}C$		735	W
$I_{TSM}$	max. forward surge current	t = 10 ms; (50 Hz), sine	$T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}C$		2.40	kA
		t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz), sine	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$		2.59	kA
		t = 10 ms; (50 Hz), sine	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$		2.04	kA
		t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz), sine	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$		2.21	kA
$I_{ft}$	value for fusing	t = 10 ms; (50 Hz), sine	$T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}C$		28.8	kA <sup>2</sup> s
		t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz), sine	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$		27.9	kA <sup>2</sup> s
		t = 10 ms; (50 Hz), sine	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$		20.8	kA <sup>2</sup> s
		t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz), sine	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$		20.2	kA <sup>2</sup> s
$C_J$	junction capacitance	$V_R = 400\text{ V}$ f = 1 MHz	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		119	pF
$P_{GM}$	max. gate power dissipation	$t_p = 30\text{ }\mu s$	$T_C = 150^{\circ}C$		10	W
		$t_p = 300\text{ }\mu s$			5	W
$P_{GAV}$	average gate power dissipation				0.5	W
$(di/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of current	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$ ; f = 50 Hz	repetitive, $I_T = 450\text{ A}$		150	A/ $\mu s$
		$t_p = 200\text{ }\mu s$ ; $di_G/dt = 0.45\text{ A}/\mu s$ ; $I_G = 0.45\text{ A}$ ; $V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$	non-repet., $I_T = 150\text{ A}$		500	A/ $\mu s$
$(dv/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of voltage	$V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ $R_{GK} = \infty$ method 1 (linear voltage rise)	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$		1000	V/ $\mu s$
$V_{GT}$	gate trigger voltage	$V_D = 6\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		1.5	V
			$T_{VJ} = -40^{\circ}C$		1.6	V
$I_{GT}$	gate trigger current	$V_D = 6\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		150	mA
			$T_{VJ} = -40^{\circ}C$		200	mA
$V_{GD}$	gate non-trigger voltage	$V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$		0.2	V
$I_{GD}$	gate non-trigger current				10	mA
$I_L$	latching current	$t_p = 10\text{ }\mu s$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		200	mA
		$I_G = 0.45\text{ A}$ ; $di_G/dt = 0.45\text{ A}/\mu s$				
$I_H$	holding current	$V_D = 6\text{ V}$ $R_{GK} = \infty$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		200	mA
$t_{gd}$	gate controlled delay time	$V_D = \frac{1}{2} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		2	$\mu s$
		$I_G = 0.45\text{ A}$ ; $di_G/dt = 0.45\text{ A}/\mu s$				
$t_q$	turn-off time	$V_R = 100\text{ V}$ ; $I_T = 150\text{ A}$ ; $V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ $di/dt = 10\text{ A}/\mu s$ $dv/dt = 20\text{ V}/\mu s$ $t_p = 200\text{ }\mu s$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}C$		185	$\mu s$

Package E2-Pack		Ratings				
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$I_{RMS}$	RMS current	per terminal			50	A
$T_{VJ}$	virtual junction temperature		-40		150	°C
$T_{op}$	operation temperature		-40		125	°C
$T_{stg}$	storage temperature		-40		125	°C
<b>Weight</b>				176		g
$M_D$	mounting torque		3		6	Nm
$d_{Spp/App}$	creepage distance on surface   striking distance through air	terminal to terminal	6.0			mm
$d_{Spb/Apb}$		terminal to backside	12.0			mm
$V_{ISOL}$	isolation voltage	t = 1 second t = 1 minute	3600 3000			V
		50/60 Hz, RMS; $I_{ISOL} \leq 1$ mA				V


**Part description**

M = Module  
 D = Diode  
 M = Standard Rectifier  
 A = (up to 1800V)  
 360 = Current Rating [A]  
 UC = 3- Rectifier Bridge + Softstart-Thyristor  
 1600 = Reverse Voltage [V]  
 T = Thermistor \ Temperature sensor  
 ED = E2-Pack

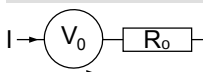
Ordering	Ordering Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	MDMA360UC1600TED	MDMA360UC1600TED	Box	6	524541

**Temperature Sensor NTC**

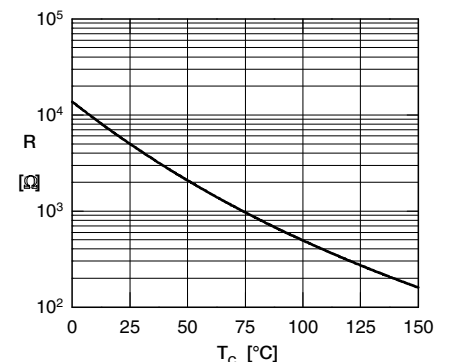
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$R_{25}$	resistance	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ$	4.85	5	5.15	k $\Omega$
$B_{25/50}$	temperature coefficient			3375		K

**Equivalent Circuits for Simulation**

\* on die level

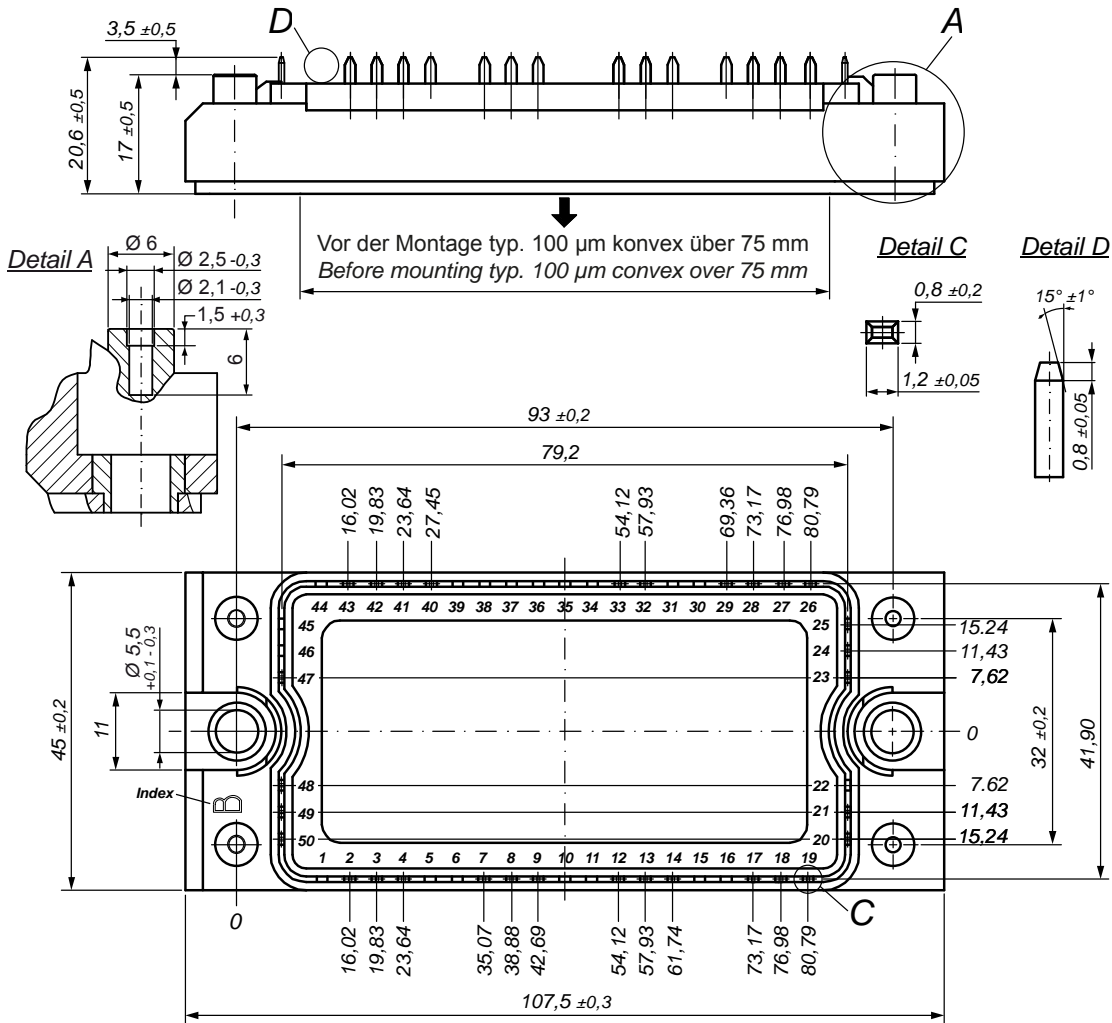
 $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$ 

**Rectifier**

$V_{0\ max}$	threshold voltage	0.82				V
$R_{0\ max}$	slope resistance *	10.2				m $\Omega$





**Outlines E2-Pack**

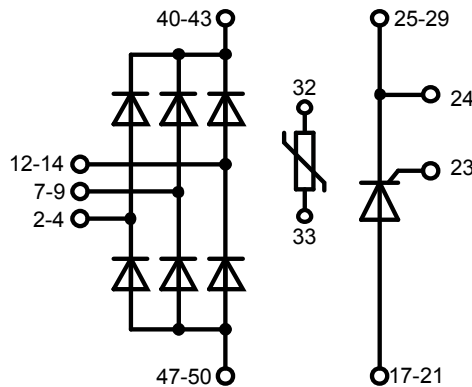


**Bemerkung / Note:**

- Nichttolerierte Maße nach / Measure without tolerances according DIN ISO 2768-T1-m
- PCB-Lochmuster / PCB hole pattern: **see pin position**
- Toleranz Pin-Position und PCB-Lochmuster / Tolerance of pin position and PCB hole pattern:  $\oplus 0.1$
- Montageanleitung / Mounting instruction: [www.ixys.com](http://www.ixys.com) **Application note IXAN0024**

**Detail A:** PCB-Montage / Mounting on PCB <sup>L</sup>

- Empfohlene, selbstschneidende Schraube / Recommended, self-tapping screw: **EJOT PT®** (Größe / size: **K25**) <sup>L</sup>
- Max. Schraubenlänge / Max. screw length: **PCB-Dicke / thickness + 6 mm** (max. Lochtiefe / hole depth) <sup>L</sup>
- Empfohlenes Drehmoment / Recommended mounting torque: **1.5 Nm**



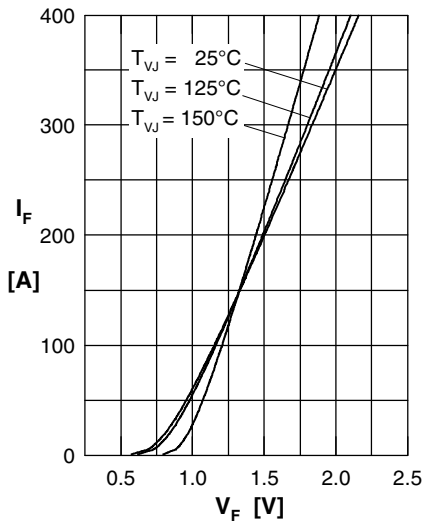
**Rectifier**


Fig. 1 Forward current versus voltage drop per diode

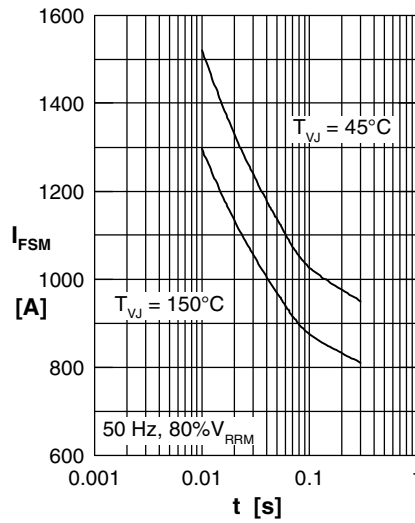


Fig. 2 Surge overload current vs. time per diode

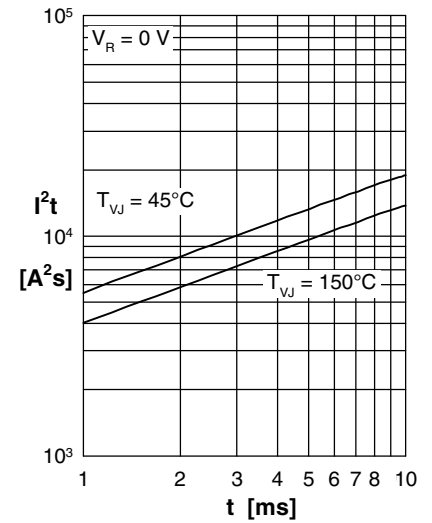
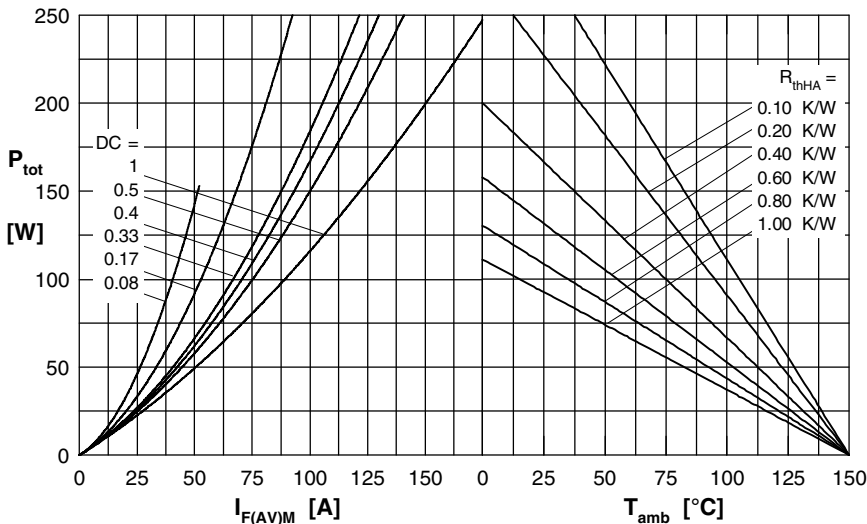

 Fig. 3  $I^2t$  versus time per diode


Fig. 4 Power dissipation vs. forward current and ambient temperature per diode

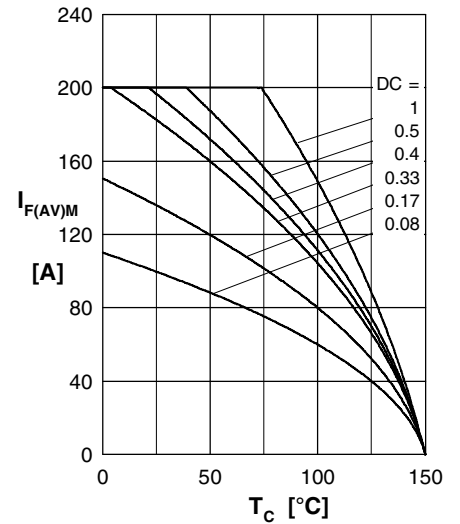


Fig. 5 Max. forward current vs. case temperature per diode

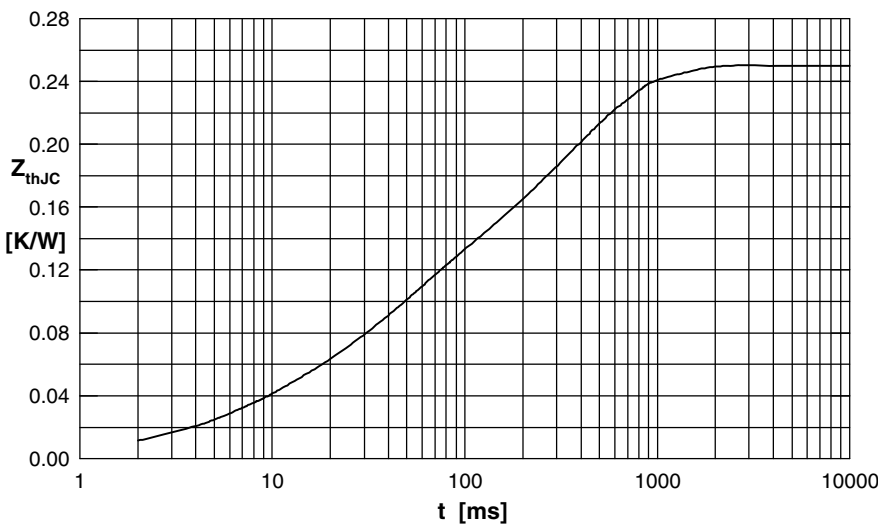


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance junction to case vs. time per diode

 Constants for  $Z_{thJC}$  calculation:

i	$R_{thi}$ (K/W)	$t_i$ (s)
1	0.020	0.006
2	0.003	0.007
3	0.080	0.037
4	0.147	0.360

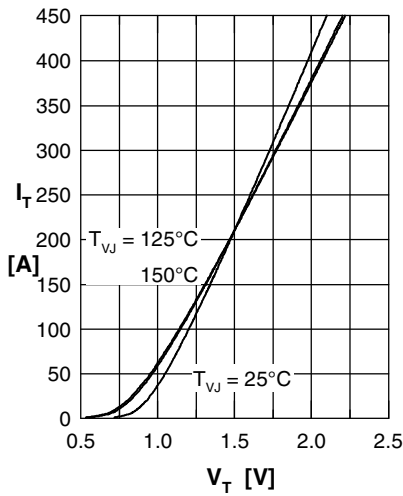
**Softstart Thyristor**


Fig. 1 Forward characteristics

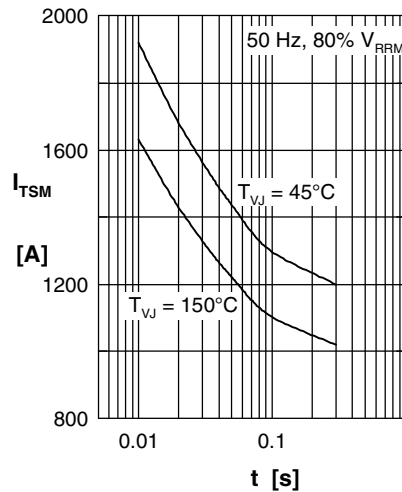
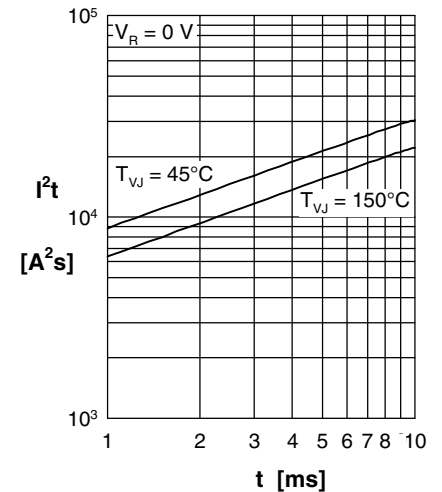
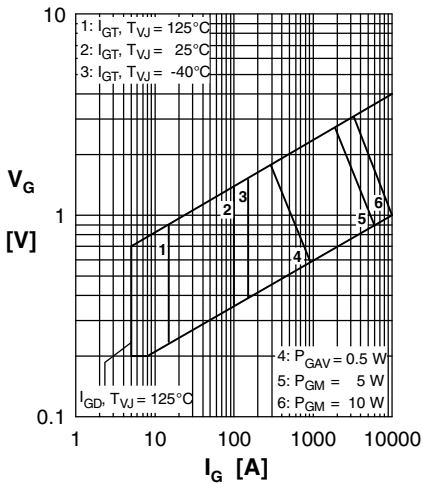

 Fig. 2 Surge overload current  
 $I_{TSM}$ : crest value,  $t$ : duration

 Fig. 3  $I^2t$  versus time (1-10 s)


Fig. 4 Gate voltage &amp; gate current

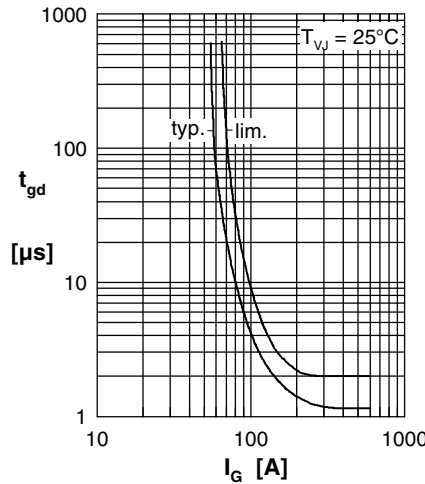
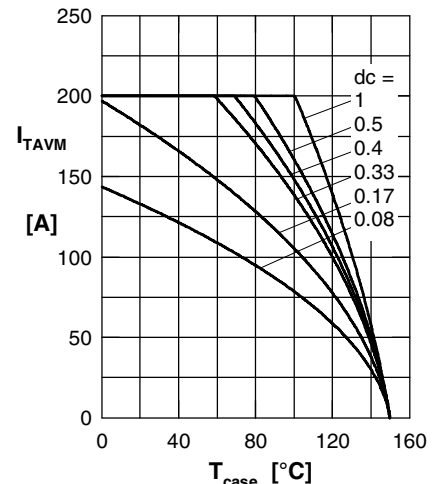

 Fig. 5 Gate controlled delay time  $t_{gd}$ 


Fig. 6 Max. forward current at case temperature

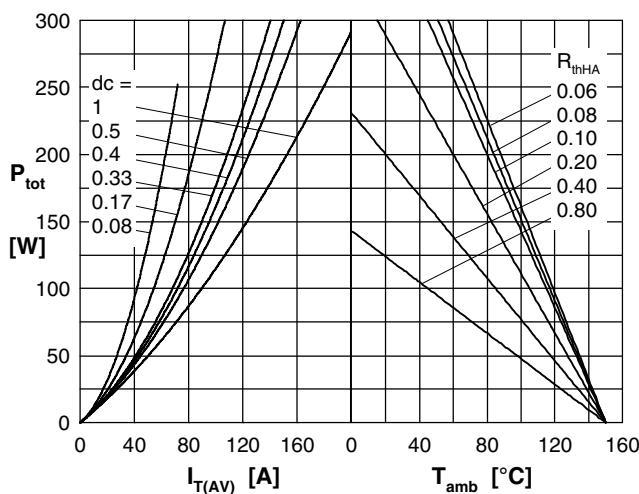
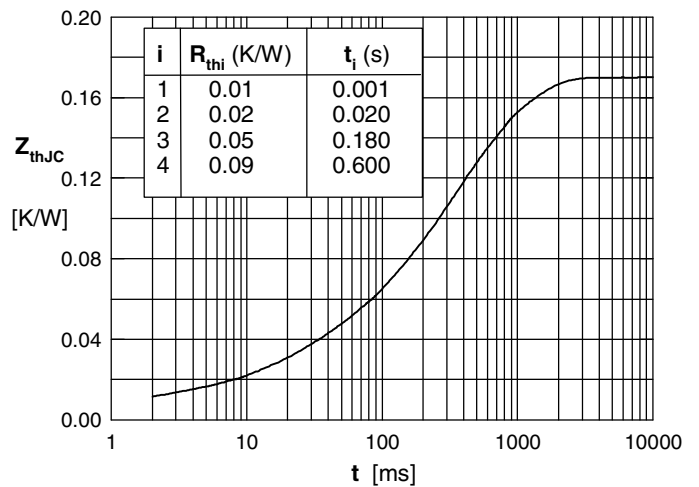

 Fig. 7a Power dissipation versus direct output current  
 Fig. 7b and ambient temperature


Fig. 8 Transient thermal impedance junction to case

