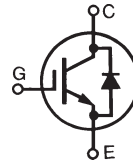


**GenX3™ 600V IGBT
with Diode**
IXGH48N60B3D1

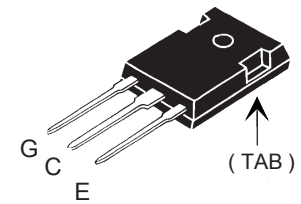
 Medium speed low V_{sat} PT
IGBTs 5-40 kHz switching


$$V_{CES} = 600V$$

$$I_{C110} = 48A$$

$$V_{CE(sat)} \leq 1.8V$$

Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings	
V_{CES}	$T_C = 25^\circ C$ to $150^\circ C$	600	V
V_{CGR}	$T_J = 25^\circ C$ to $150^\circ C$, $R_{GE} = 1M\Omega$	600	V
V_{GES}	Continuous	± 20	V
V_{GEM}	Transient	± 30	V
I_{C110}	$T_C = 110^\circ C$	48	A
I_{D110}	$T_C = 110^\circ C$	30	A
I_{CM}	$T_C = 25^\circ C$, 1ms	280	A
SSOA (RBSOA)	$V_{GE} = 15V$, $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$, $R_G = 5\Omega$ Clamped inductive load @ $\leq 600V$	$I_{CM} = 120$	A
P_C	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	300	W
T_J		-55 ... +150	$^\circ C$
T_{JM}		150	$^\circ C$
T_{stg}		-55 ... +150	$^\circ C$
T_L	1.6mm (0.062 in.) from case for 10s	300	$^\circ C$
T_{SOLD}	Plastic body for 10 seconds	260	$^\circ C$
M_d	Mounting torque	1.13/10	Nm/lb.in.
Weight		6	g

TO-247(IXGH)


G = Gate C = Collector
E = Emitter TAB = Collector

Features

- Optimized for low conduction and switching losses
- Square RBSOA
- Anti-parallel ultra fast diode
- International standard package

Advantages

- High power density
- Low gate drive requirement

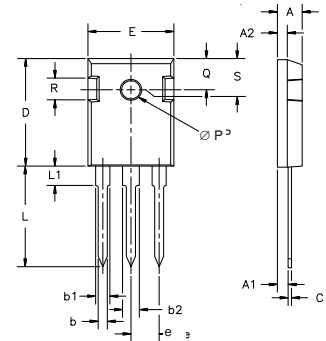
Applications

- Power Inverters
- UPS
- Motor Drives
- SMPS
- PFC Circuits
- Battery Chargers
- Welding Machines
- Lamp Ballasts

Symbol	Test Conditions ($T_J = 25^\circ C$ unless otherwise specified)	Characteristic Values		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
BV_{CES}	$I_C = 250\mu A$, $V_{GE} = 0V$	600		V
$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C = 250\mu A$, $V_{CE} = V_{GE}$	3.0		5.0 V
I_{CES}	$V_{CE} = V_{CES}$ $V_{GE} = 0V$ $T_J = 125^\circ C$			300 μA 1.75 mA
I_{GES}	$V_{CE} = 0V$, $V_{GE} = \pm 20V$			± 100 nA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 32A$, $V_{GE} = 15V$, Note 1			1.8 V

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
g_{fs}	$I_C = 30A, V_{CE} = 10V$, Note 1	28	46	S
C_{ies}	$V_{CE} = 25V, V_{GE} = 0V, f = 1MHz$		3980	pF
C_{oes}			190	pF
C_{res}			45	pF
Q_g	$I_C = 40A, V_{GE} = 15V, V_{CE} = 0.5 \cdot V_{CES}$		115	nC
Q_{ge}			21	nC
Q_{gc}			40	nC
$t_{d(on)}$	Inductive Load, $T_J = 25^\circ C$ $I_C = 30A, V_{GE} = 15V$ $V_{CE} = 480V, R_G = 5\Omega$		22	ns
t_{ri}			25	ns
E_{on}			0.84	mJ
$t_{d(off)}$			130	200 ns
t_{fi}			116	200 ns
E_{off}		0.66	1.20 mJ	
$t_{d(on)}$	Inductive Load, $T_J = 125^\circ C$ $I_C = 30A, V_{GE} = 15V$ $V_{CE} = 480V, R_G = 5\Omega$		19	ns
t_{ri}			25	ns
E_{on}			1.71	mJ
$t_{d(off)}$			190	ns
t_{fi}			157	ns
E_{off}		1.30	mJ	
R_{thJC}			0.42	$^\circ C/W$
R_{thCS}		0.21		$^\circ C/W$

TO-247 (IXGH) Outline



Dim.	Millimeter		Inches	
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
A	4.7	5.3	.185	.209
A ₁	2.2	2.54	.087	.102
A ₂	2.2	2.6	.059	.098
b	1.0	1.4	.040	.055
b ₁	1.65	2.13	.065	.084
b ₂	2.87	3.12	.113	.123
C	.4	.8	.016	.031
D	20.80	21.46	.819	.845
E	15.75	16.26	.610	.640
e	5.20	5.72	0.205	0.225
L	19.81	20.32	.780	.800
L1		4.50		.177
∅P	3.55	3.65	.140	.144
Q	5.89	6.40	0.232	0.252
R	4.32	5.49	.170	.216
S	6.15	BSC	242	BSC

Reverse Diode (FRED) (D1 Version ONLY)

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
V_F	$I_F = 30A, V_{GE} = 0V$, Note 1 $T_J = 150^\circ C$		1.6	2.8 V
I_{RM}	$I_F = 30A, V_{GE} = 0V, V_R = 100V$ $-di_F/dt = 100A/\mu s$		4	A
t_{rr}	$I_F = 1A; -di/dt = 100A/\mu s, V_R = 30V$ $T_J = 100^\circ C$		100	ns
R_{thJC}			1.5	$^\circ C/W$
R_{thCS}		1.5		$^\circ C/W$

Note 1: Pulse test, $t \leq 300\mu s$; duty cycle, $d \leq 2\%$.

PRELIMINARY TECHNICAL INFORMATION

The product presented herein is under development. The Technical Specifications offered are derived from data gathered during objective characterizations of preliminary engineering lots; but also may yet contain some information supplied during a pre-production design evaluation. IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions, and dimensions without notice.

IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

IXYS MOSFETs and IGBTs are covered by one or more of the following U.S. patents:

4,835,592	4,931,844	5,049,961	5,237,481	6,162,665	6,404,065 B1	6,683,344	6,727,585	7,005,734 B2	7,157,338B2
4,850,072	5,017,508	5,063,307	5,381,025	6,259,123 B1	6,534,343	6,710,405 B2	6,759,692	7,063,975 B2	
4,881,106	5,034,796	5,187,117	5,486,715	6,306,728 B1	6,583,505	6,710,463	6,771,478 B2	7,071,537	

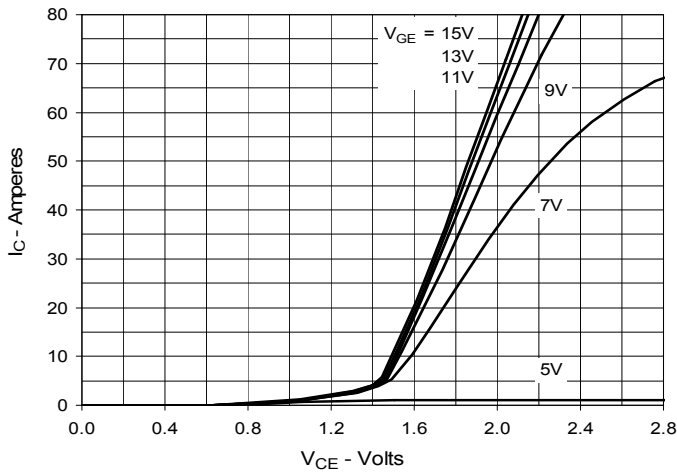
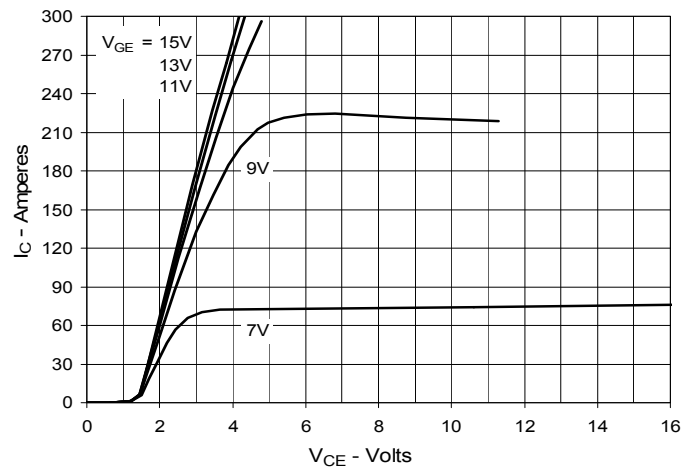
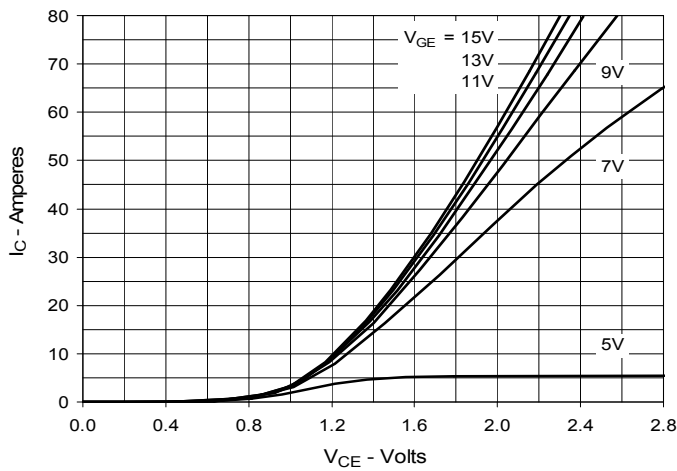
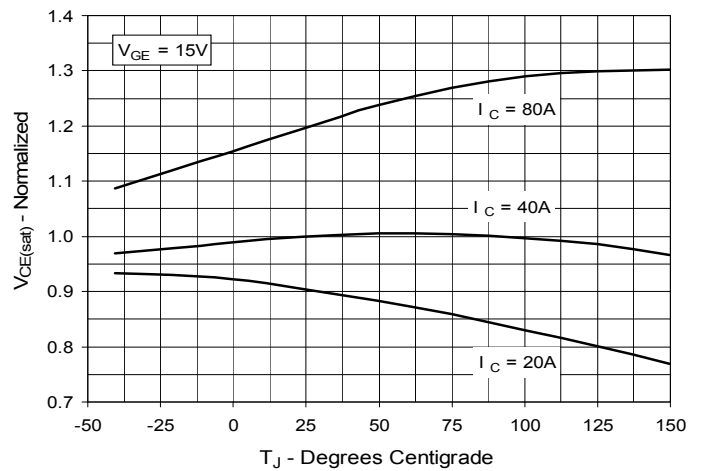
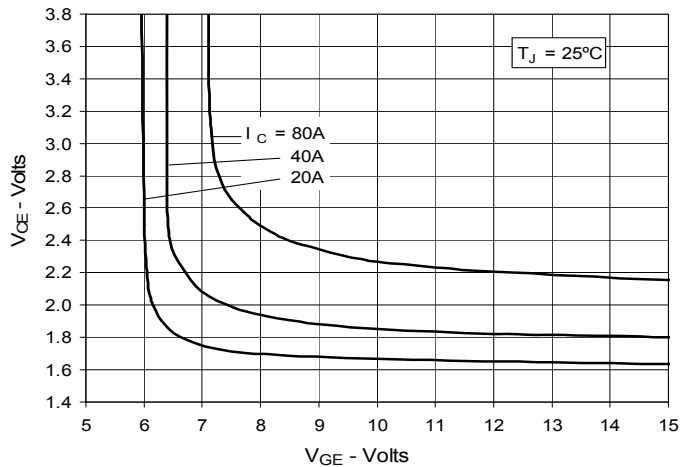
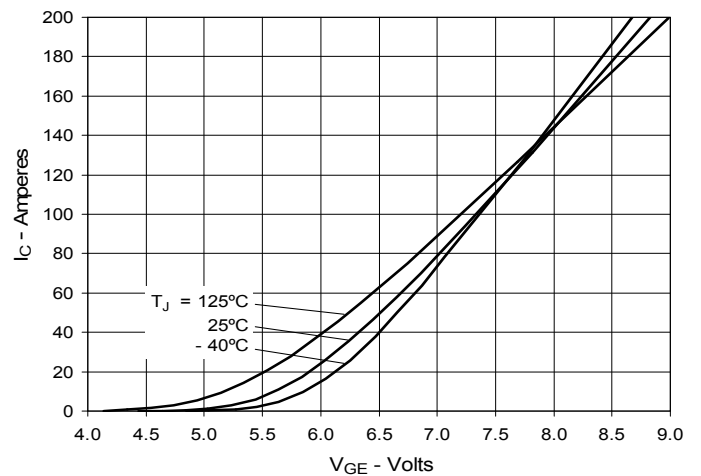
**Fig. 1. Output Characteristics
@ 25°C**

**Fig. 2. Extended Output Characteristics
@ 25°C**

**Fig. 3. Output Characteristics
@ 125°C**

**Fig. 4. Dependence of $V_{CE(sat)}$ on
Junction Temperature**

**Fig. 5. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage
vs. Gate-to-Emitter Voltage**

Fig. 6. Input Admittance


Fig. 7. Transconductance

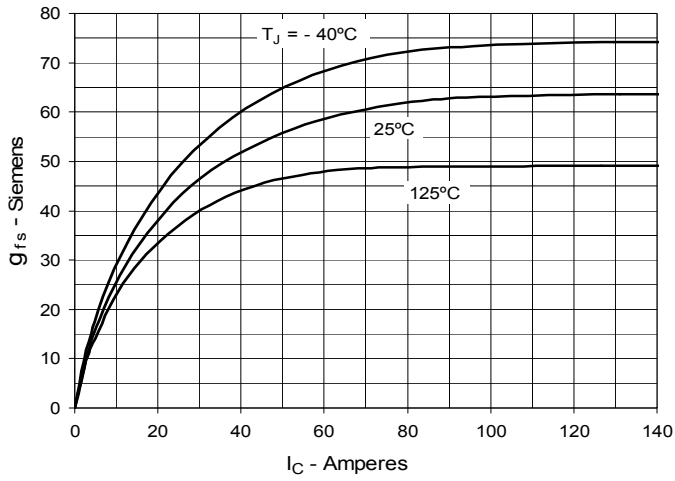


Fig. 8. Gate Charge

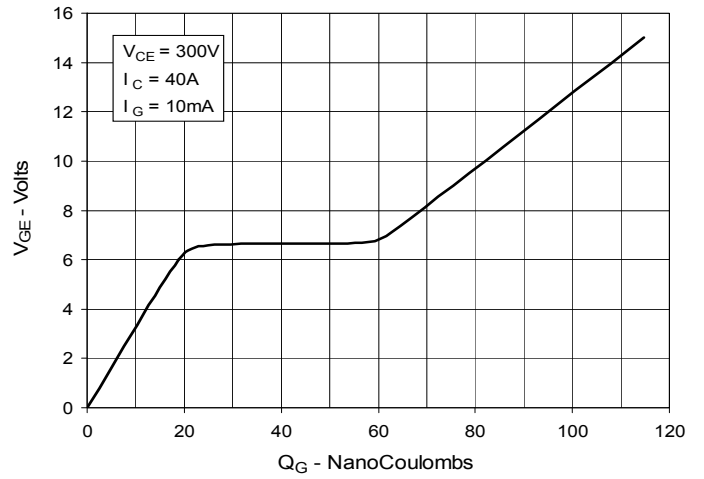


Fig. 9. Capacitance

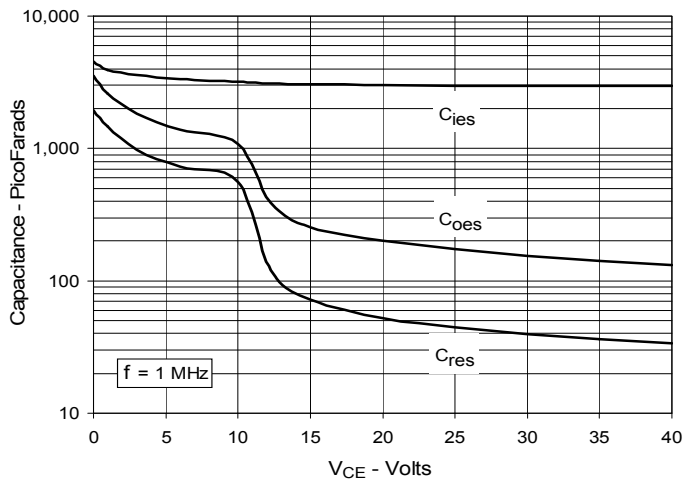


Fig. 10. Reverse-Bias Safe Operating Area

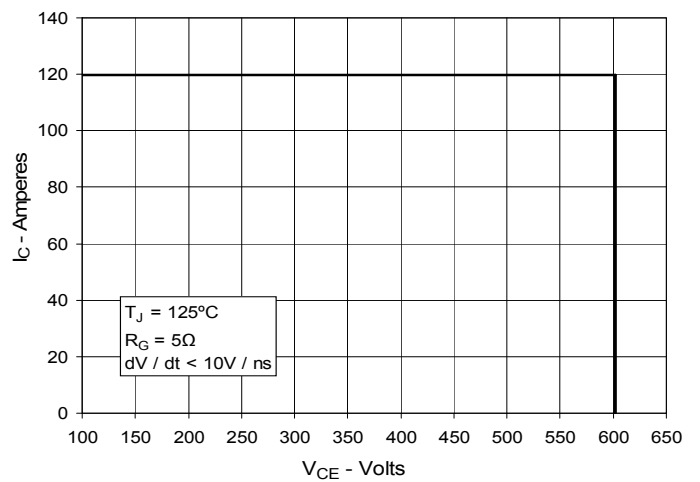
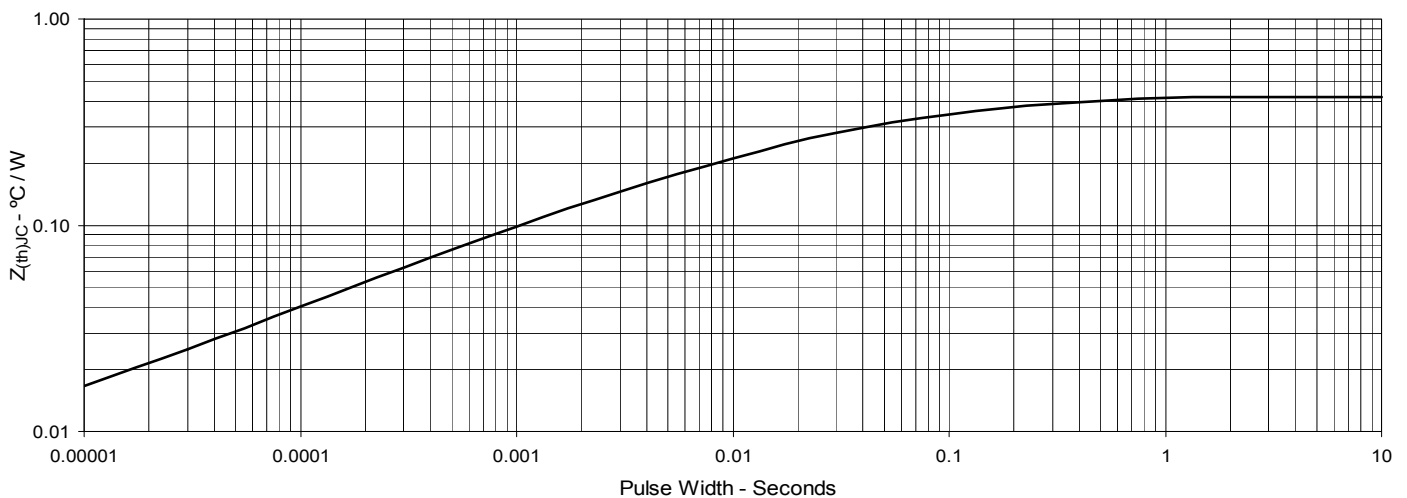


Fig. 11. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance



IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

Fig. 12. Inductive Switching Energy Loss vs. Gate Resistance

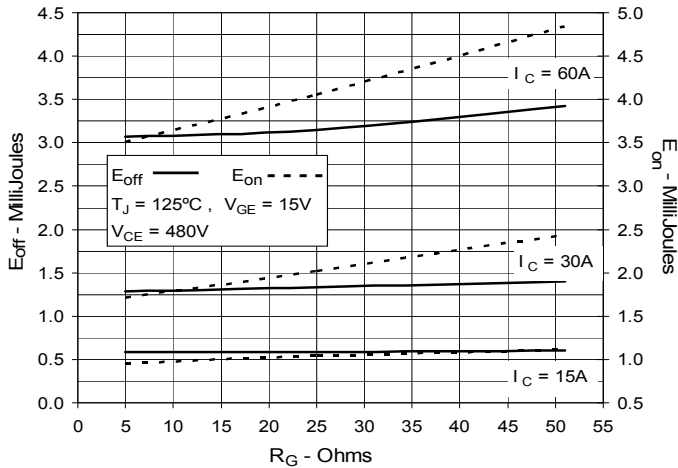


Fig. 13. Inductive Switching Energy Loss vs. Collector Current

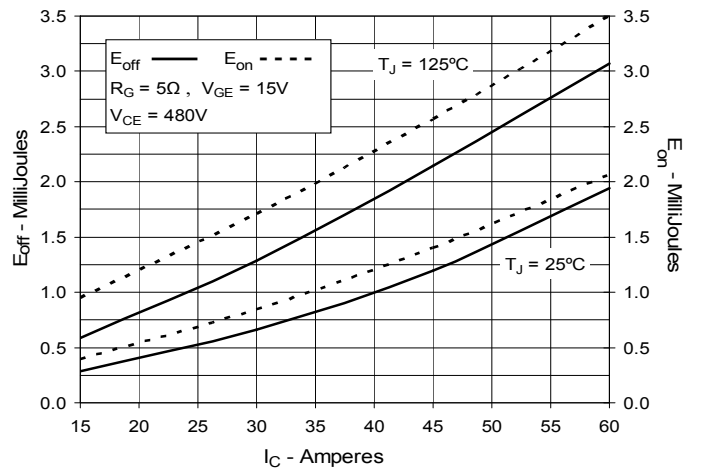


Fig. 14. Inductive Switching Energy Loss vs. Junction Temperature

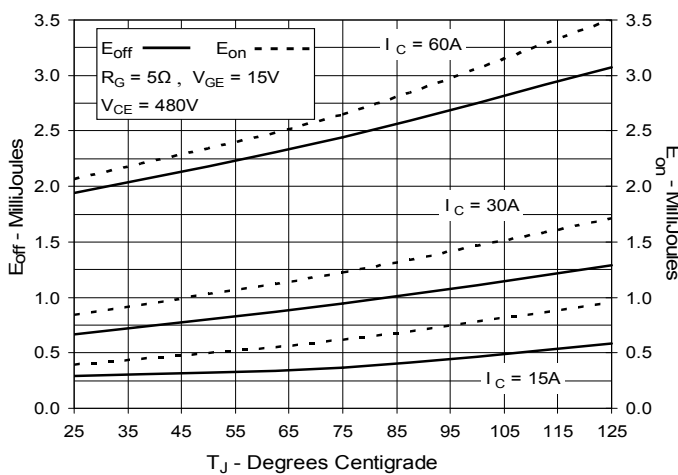


Fig. 15. Inductive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Junction Temperature

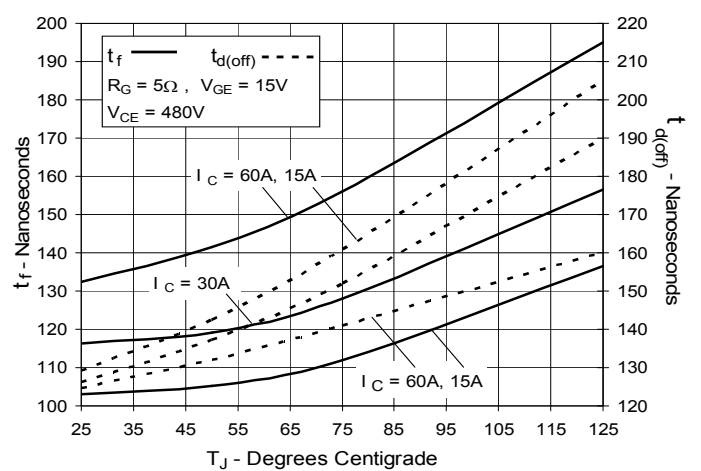


Fig. 16. Inductive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Collector Current

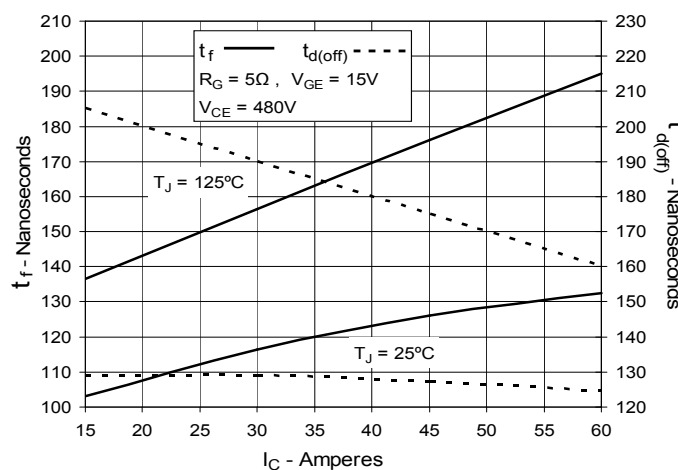


Fig. 17. Inductive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Gate Resistance

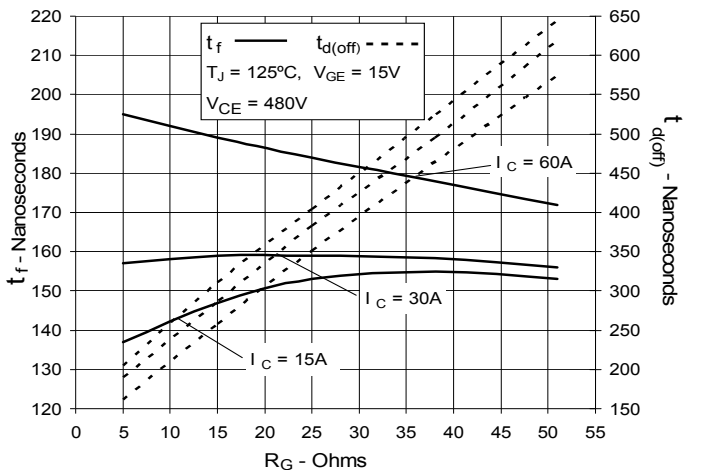


Fig. 18. Inductive Turn-on Switching Times vs. Gate Resistance

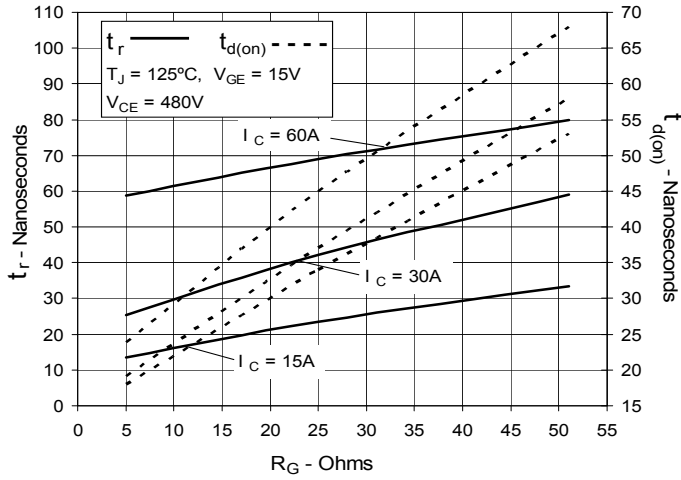


Fig. 19. Inductive Turn-on Switching Times vs. Collector Current

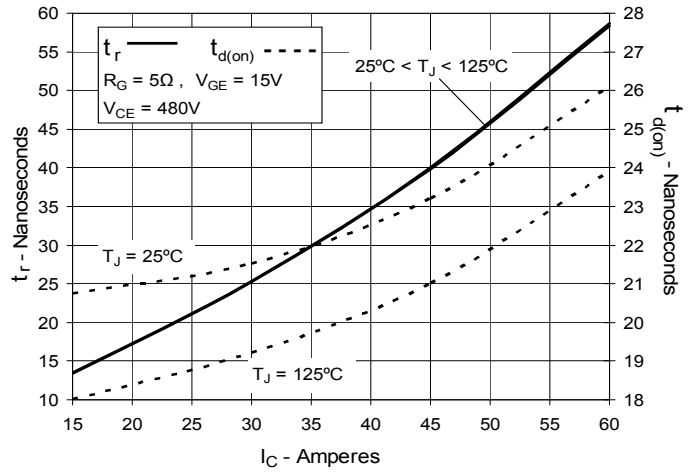
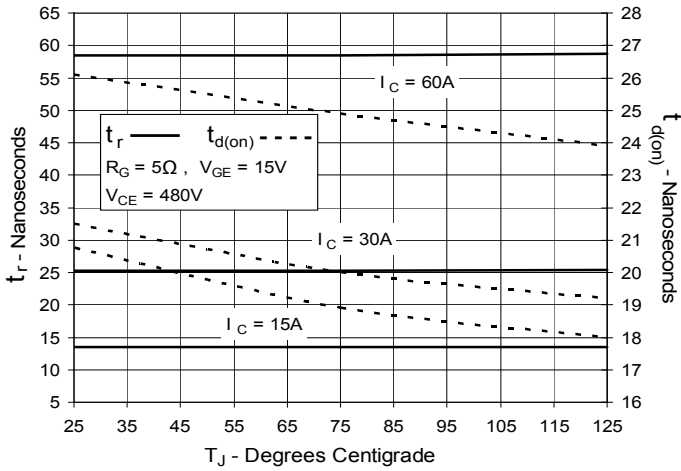


Fig. 20. Inductive Turn-on Switching Times vs. Junction Temperature



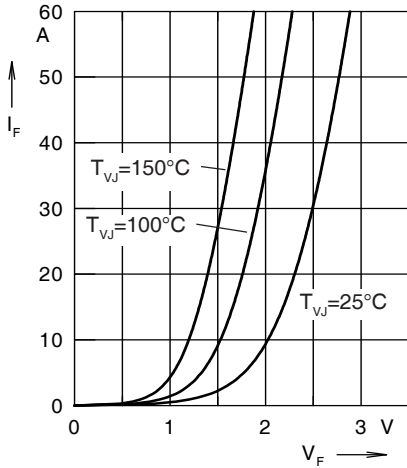


Fig. 21. Forward current I_F versus V_F

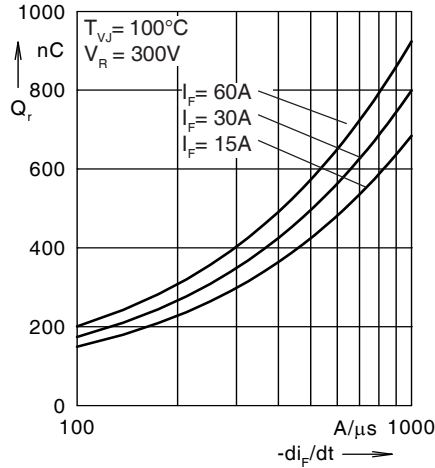


Fig. 22. Reverse recovery charge Q_r versus $-di_F/dt$

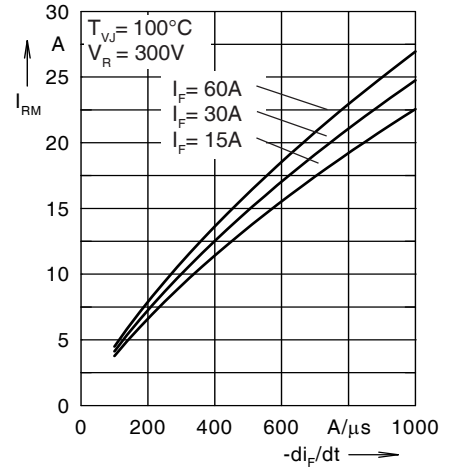


Fig. 23. Peak reverse current I_{RM} versus $-di_F/dt$



Fig. 24. Dynamic parameters Q_r , I_{RM} versus T_{VJ}

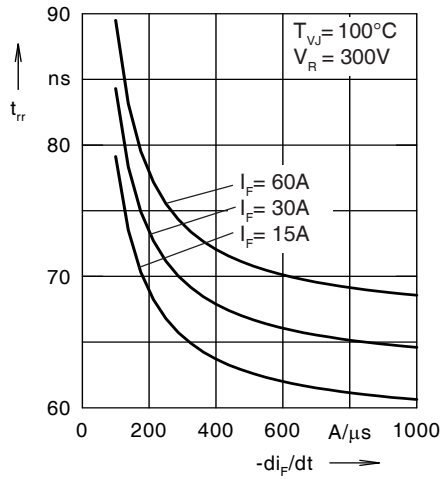


Fig. 25. Recovery time t_{rr} versus $-di_F/dt$

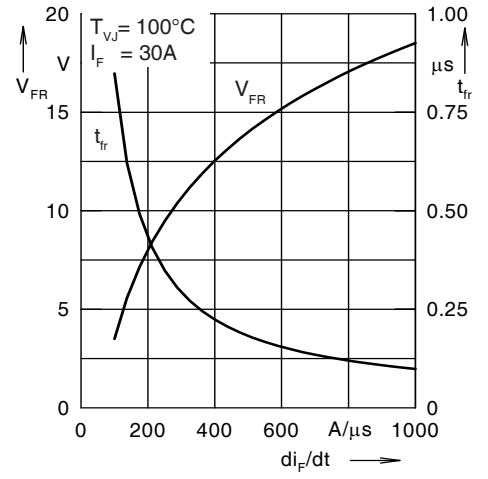


Fig. 26. Peak forward voltage V_{FR} and t_{fr} versus di_F/dt

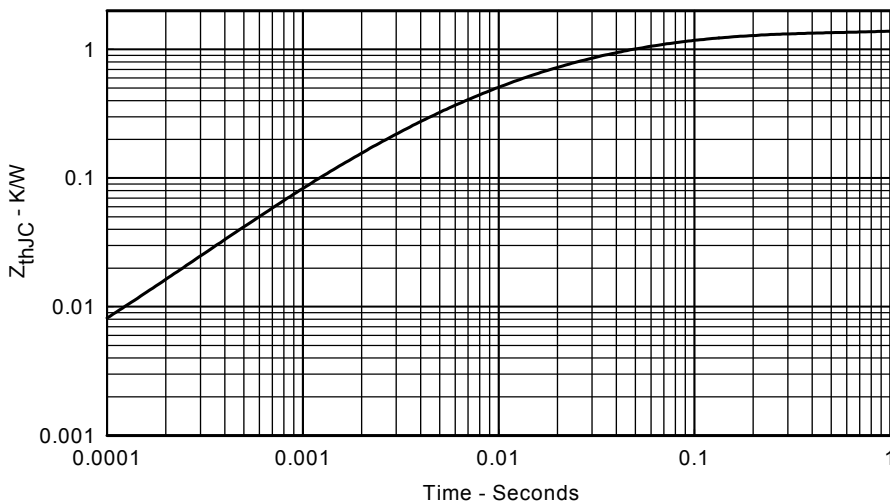


Fig. 27. Transient thermal resistance junction to case



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